FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

THE MORNING STAR
CALENDAR
LIBRA
SEPTEMBER
SUN MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT
1 2 3 4 5
6 7 8 9 10 11 12
13 14 15 16 17 18 19
20 21 22 23 24 25 26
27 28 29 30

For Almanac—September 10.

Sun Rises	5.38 A M
Sun Sets	6.15 P M
Day's Length	12 h 38 m
High Water at Southport	9.10 A M
High Water at Wilmington	10.58 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE.
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 10.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 67°. 8 p. m., 74°; maximum, 84°; minimum, 63°; mean, 78°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month up to date, 01.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Showers are reported from Arkansas and East Georgia; elsewhere fair weather has prevailed over the cotton belt.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Sept. 9.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 9.5 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Fair, variable winds.

The West India storm which appeared off the southeast coast of Massachusetts this morning has advanced slowly northward, a pressure of 29.60 inches being reported from Block Island and a wind velocity of seventy-six miles per hour.

The temperature will fall decidedly in the upper Lake region, the middle and upper Mississippi valleys.

Fair weather will prevail in the Atlantic States, except rain on the New England coast and in Maine and Southern Florida.

OUTLINES

The estimate of 65,000 majority for the Democrats in Arkansas is an assured fact. —— The gold reserve stood at $105,174,637 yesterday. —— Gen. Richard C. Gatlin, a native of North Carolina and a distinguished Confederate officer, died at Mount Nebo, Ark. —— The New Jersey Democratic Convention selected Presidential electors and instructed them to vote for Bryan and Sewall. —— Mr. Bryan, in his letter accepting the Democratic nomination, discusses economy in the administration of the Government, bond issues, trusts, railroads, the Cuban question, the civil service, national bank currency, the Monroe doctrine, pensions, the producers of wealth, arbitration, immigration, injunctions and the tariff. —— Secretary of War Lamont says he will support Palmer and Buckner. —— Earle's majority in the South Carolina primaries will be about 5,000. ——Mr. Bryan will spend two days in North Carolina on his Southern tour. —— The Union National Bank, of New Orleans, has failed. —— New York markets: Money on call was quiet at 5@7 per cent., last loan at 5, closing offered at 5; cotton was quiet —middling gulf 9c, middling uplands 8¾c; Southern flour was unchanged —common to fair extra $2 00@2 60, good to choice $2 60@2 90; wheat, spot steady and quiet—No. 2 red May 68¾c, September 63¼c; corn, spot dull and firm—No. 2 25½c at elevator and 26¼c afloat; spirits turpentine quiet at 24@ 24½c; rosin quiet and steady—strained common to good $1.60@1.62½.

Gen. Wade Hampton thinks the Indianapolis Convention was a "mistake." That was putting it mildly; but Gen. Hampton grows in charity with his years.

Before Hon. Bourke Cockran proceeds West to turn his ponderous voice loose, he should equip himself with a fender to keep those wild Western anarchists from getting too close to him.

If the McKinley Aid Society which met at Indianapolis had any expectation of electing its ticket it would have been the extreme of cruelty to put up two such aged men to go through such an ordeal.

The South Carolina Dispensary seems to be in a pretty bad mix. Dispenser Mixson seems to have been mixin' things in a peculiar way and has got Tillman and some of the other fellows mixed up in it, too.

A young man in Rockford, Ill., finds himself confronted with a breach of promise suit, all because he sang Oh! Promise Me," and sang it with so much pathos that the girl he sang it to thought he was in dead earnest, and slackened the grip on her heart.

If Mr. John Russell Young, ex-Minister to China, who entertained Hon. Li Hung Chang in Philadelphia, believes China is the daisy country he says it is, and the Chinese the model, amiable and enviable people he says they are, the surprising thing is that Mr. John Russell didn't remain in China and become a John Chinaman.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVIII.—NO. 146. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,981

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Dr. Parkhurst, of New York, says "Bryan's great strength lies in the fact that he is a candidate of every man who has a grievance." The Rev. Dr., who delights in taking a whack at politics, doesn't like Bryan, and he doesn't like the people who have a grievance, but he blurted out a truth all the same. Bryan is the candidate of people who have a grievance, and that kind are numbered by the million, and the grievances have been growing and accumulating for twenty odd years or more.

The gold organs say it is the "quality" and not the "quantity" of money that makes the mare go. According to them gold is the only thing that has the requisite "quality" for sure-enough money. If we were pinned down to gold would't we be in a nice fix. But that is practically what the gold advocates are contending for, and that's what's the matter not only with this country but with "the civilized countries of the world" to day.

The New York *Journal* is raising a Democratic campaign fund and agrees to add a like amount, until further notice, to every contribution made. Among the contributions acknowleged in Monday's *Journal* were a number from working men and women and one of $7 from a little girl, the fruits of her savings. The McKinley contributions come from rich men and rich corporations, who expect to get their money back if McKinley be elected.

At the rate at which corn is selling now in Chicago and New York, the farmer would get only 14 cents a bushel for it, and 11 cents for oats at the rate oats are selling. According to the reports of the Agricultural Department of Iowa it costs the farmers of that State 28 cents a bushel to make corn. As might be expected, the McKinleyites and goldites attribute the low prices to "overproduction."

The crowing over Vermont leads the Pittsburg *Post* to remark that "the Presidential battle is not going to be fought out in Pennsylvania, New York or New England. The result will be determined in the belt of States running westward from the Ohio line to the Missouri river." And that's just where we expect to give the other fellows a sound belting.

The New York *Herald*, g. o., rises to exclaim, "True and honest Democrats can now fall into line for 1900." Too early. Wait until we lay McKinley and the decoys out, then we will be in good shape to go on dress parade and get ready for the next campaign.

According to the esteemed McKinley and gold organs the election in Vermont was very significant, but the election in Arkansas didn't amount to a continental. Funny, isn't it?

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE—City taxes.
D. O'CONNOR—For rent.
NOTICE—Rental of market stalls.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Primarily to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. J. H. Hardin and wife left yesterday for the North.

— Mr. Julius Schwarz, son of Capt. C. Schwarz, is a visitor in the city.

— Mr. Leopold Froman, of Philadelphia, is in the city, on a business visit.

— Mr. Henry Moore left yesterday for Baltimore to attend the business college there.

— Mr. L. Tate Bowden left last night for Burgaw, where he will spend awhile recuperating.

— Capt. W. C. Jones, of Kinston, who has been spending his vacation in Asheville, has returned, and was here yesterday.

— Messrs. Thomas F. Faucett, Mount Airy; R. B. Terry, Hamlet; J. D. Powers, Fayetteville; R. A. McLean, Cronly; A. J. Galloway, Goldsboro; W. H. French, Rocky Point, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

A House Breaker Arrested.

Tuesday morning Deputy Sheriff Flynn arrested "Doctor" Carr, a negro man who has been working at the Bonitz Hotel, on a warrant from Rocky Point charging him with house breaking. Later in the day Carr was turned over to a deputy sheriff from Pender county, who took him in charge and carried him to Rocky Point.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Democratic prospects are improving every day, and so is business.

— Hickory, N. C., promises Bryan a crowd of 10,000 when he speaks there on the 16th.

— Cotton receipts yesterday 1,279 bales, against 81 bales received the corresponding day last year.

— The funeral of Mrs. Michael Griffin will take place this morning at 10 o'clock from St. Thomas' Pro-Cathedral.

— It is probable that the crowd that greets Bryan at Goldsboro will be larger than at any other point in the State.

— A McKinley, Hobart and Russell club has been organized by colored Republicans of the Second division of the First Ward.

— Raleigh news is interesting just now. But it makes no difference what the Republicans and Populists may do. The Democrats can carry the State.

— Mary Jones, a colored woman, was found dead in bed yesterday morning at her home on Church street. She had long been a sufferer from heart disease.

— In the City Court yesterday David Moseley, colored, charged with disorderly conduct, was fined $20, with the alternative of working thirty days on the streets.

— The British steamship *Sandhill*, the first of the cotton fleet for the season of 1896-7, arrived yesterday morning early and began taking in cargo at the Champion Compress.

— The Fayetteville Democrats are undecided as to whether they will hear Bryan speak at Greensboro, Raleigh or Rocky Mount. Doubtless the railroad that offers the lowest rate will get the crowd.

— Ex-Gov. Flower was as big as a sunflower in the Indianapolis mass meeting, but as small as a mountain rose in his home town of Watertown, N. Y., every voting district of which elected free silver delegates to the State Convention.

— Mr. S. A. Schloss, lessee and manager of the Opera House, received a telegram last night from Richmond, Va., saying that "The Other Man's Wife" opened there to big business, first-class in every respect. The company will appear here next Monday night.

— And the Hannachist Democrats are now trying to make a combination in Texas to carry the State for McKinley. They are offering to fuse with the Republicans and "middle of the road" Populists. And yet they call themselves the "National Democratic" party.

— There will be a meeting of the Wilmington Foot Ball Association tonight at 8 30 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. Business of special importance to members of the Association will be discussed and it is earnestly requested that all interested be on hand promptly.

— In considering the vote of Arkansas, it should be noted that the Democratic majority of 65,000 is a majority over Republicans, Populists and Prohibitionists combined. The majority of the Democratic candidate for Governor over the gold-bug Republican candidate alone will not be far from 100,000.

— The Republicans and Populists are making a desperate effort to capture the Legislature. They are nominating fusion tickets throughout the State. Is the State Democratic Executive Committee alive to this important matter? It is feared that in the anxiety for electoral fusion the Committee is neglecting the Legislative tickets.

— Mr. Wm. H. Bernard, as a member of the State Democratic Executive Committee, has been invited to accompany Mr. Bryan on his tour through North Carolina. He regrets that his engagements compel him to deny himself this pleasure; but he will see Mr. Bryan at Goldsboro, and present him with a genuine left hind-foot of a North Carolina graveyard rabbit.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—316 bales cotton, 18 bbls tar.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—703 bales cotton, 33 casks spirits turpentine, 134 bbls rosin, 61 bbls tar.

Carolina Central R. R.—231 bales cotton, 24 casks spirits turpentine, 145 bbls rosin, 15 bbls tar, 68 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—28 bales cotton, 16 casks spirits turpentine, 68 bbls rosin, 16 bbls tar.

Schooner William—6 bales cotton, 89 casks spirits turpentine, 157 bbls rosin.

Schooner Joseph—237 bbls rosin.

Total receipts—Cotton, 1,979 bales; spirits turpentine, 112 casks; rosin, 736 bbls; tar, 110 bbls; crude turpentine, 68 bbls.

Democratic Precinct Meetings.

The STAR learns that the Chairmen of the precinct committees will issue a call in a day or two for Democratic meetings of the several precincts to take some action in regard to candidates and delegates, to be voted for at the primaries next Tuesday, the 15th inst. While the date has not been definitely fixed, it is understood that the meetings will be held next Monday night.

Special for Goldsboro.

For Bryan speaking at Goldsboro on the 18th, the Atlantic Coast Line will run a special train, leaving Wilmington at 5.30 a. m.; arriving at Goldsboro about 8.15 a. m. Returning, leave Goldsboro at 1.00 p. m.

The rate will be one first-class fare for the round trip. The speaking will take place about 9.00 a. m.

THE EXCURSION TO RALEIGH.

Pistols and Coffs—Scenes and Incidents—Hair-Breadth Escapes.

A gentleman of this city who visited Raleigh on the excursion last Monday to that city from Wilmington gives the following incidents of the return trip:

At 8 o'clock p. m., as some of the visitors were making their way to the train, before it backed into the Union depot, in order to get a seat before the time of departure—12 midnight—four persons fell into coal schutes, along the Southern railway tracks, knocking two gentlemen, Messrs. James Proctor and M. C. Benson, of this city, senseless for a few minutes. Mr. Benson's child also fell into the schute, sustaining a cut in the forehead. Mr. Benson's right eye was terribly bruised and blackened and he received a cut about the left cheek. Mr. Proctor was also cut on the face and head. Mr. George Millis, also of this city, was bruised about the face and head and badly shaken up. At last accounts all the injured were doing well.

Those dangerous schutes should either have doors, or electric lights should be placed in the vicinity, to prevent strangers in the city of Raleigh from falling in them and breaking their necks.

Just as the train was pulling out from Raleigh Monday night at 12 o'clock, and before it had cleared the depot shed, rocks were thrown from the hillside on the north side of the shed, striking the refreshment car and several passenger coaches, breaking glass in the latter. It reminded one of a hail-storm, the rocks flew so fast. A colored man from Raleigh remarked to a reporter that the Wilmington crowd could not expect anything but rocks, as they had rocked the Jim Young excursion while it was leaving this city recently.

While the car was coming into Goldsboro Monday night two colored men aboard the Knight excursion became involved in a difficulty about a hat. One accused the other of stealing his headgear, and the accused man followed the other to the door of the refreshment car and they pulled their pistols partly out from their hip-pockets and threatened to perforate each other in short order. They were finally persuaded to put up their weapons and the war ended.

FOOT BALL.

Change in the Rules Governing the Game Made by the National Association.

Now that the Foot Ball Association of the United States has met and adopted rules, as advised by Walter Camp's Rule Committee, it will be interesting to lovers of good, clean sport to note the changes made in the same. The meetings of the Rules Committee were all harmonious, representatives of the following Universities being in attendance, viz: Harvard University of Pennsylvania, Princeton, Cornell, U. S. Naval Academy and Yale, and the rules were adopted by the unanimous vote of the committee. In the language of the father of the W. S. Rugby game, Walter Camp, the rules of '96 are "the logical outcome of the season of '95."

The two principal changes, outside of the alterations in wording, are those made relative to "fair catch and scrimmage." The former rule has been brought back to its old ruling of heeling the catch, but the penalty of two years ago, fifteen yards, has been retained. The status of affairs is now the same as three years ago, except that the catcher is protected by a very severe penalty and it is hardly probable any infringement will occur in the face of fifteen yards. The change in regard to scrimmage, that no player shall take more than a single step before the ball is put in play save one man in motion towards his own goal, will eliminate all chances of momentum plays and make the game much more popular to both players and spectators. The mass play rules forbidding five men to bunch inside tackles will have a tendency to hold these plays in check. Among the other changes are, that on a fair catch the opponents must drop back ten yards from catcher's mark, the jostling and annoyance which the centre has had to contend with before the ball is snapped will be stopped, and it is also ruled that in quarter-back kicking the ball must pass beyond the line of scrimmage. The other changes made do not affect the nature of the play.

Talking Through His Hat.

Mr. A. T. London, formerly of Wilmington, but now of Birmingham, is a member of the so-called "Sound Money Democratic" Executive Committee of Alabama. He has been to Washington, where he indulged in some big talk about the decoy ticket built at Indianapolis, claiming that it will poll 20 000 votes in Alabama. When Mr. London lived in Wilmington he was never classified as a venomous Democrat, and he is not one now. He is working for the election of McKinley. That tells the whole story. Alabama will give Bryan a big majority.

Brunswick County Populists.

The Populists of Brunswick held their county convention on the 3d inst, at Lockwood's Folly. They decided to fuse with the Republicans and nominated the following; For Sheriff, David R. Walker; Clerk Superior Court, S P. Tharp; Register of Deeds, John W. Brooks; Treasurer, Jno. Jenerett; Surveyor, S. P. King; Coroner, P. C. Gore; County Commissioners, S. P. Swain, Isaac Milliken; Member of Legislature, W. W. Drew. Geo. H. Cannon (Rep.) was endorsed for State Senator.

Associated Charities.

The Secretary of the Associated Charities being absent from the city, her office will be closed until October 1st. Persons having bills due this month should call at the law office of P. E. Manning, the treasurer.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

OPERA HOUSE.

A Fine Performance Given Last Night by the Byrne Brothers.

Long before the rise of the curtain last night at the Opera House, standing room was at a premium. The occasion was the presentation of the nautical pantomimic comedy "Eight Bells," by the famous provokers of mirth—the Byrne Brothers. It was one continued roar of laughter from the rise of the first to the fall of the last curtain. The play is one of an acrobatic nature, in which mirth is the hero, villain, etc. Every member of the company contributed his or her share of the fun. Mr. Wm. McEvoy, in the character of *Daniel McGozzle*, in love with a supposed widow, to use a hackneyed phrase, "was as good as they make 'em." Mr. Harry E. Haker as *Gussie Blotter* and Mr. Jas. F. Murray as *Chas. Fitzgerald* played their parts as only comedians could do. In fact, taking the caste as a whole, it was certainly a strong one. Although the first and last acts created fun enough, the second act made the audience howl. To see a ship turning over and over certainly didn't look healthy, but the Brothers Byrne treated the whole matter as a joke and stuck first to the floor and then the ceiling of the boat like flies. During the performance numerous specialties were introduced by Baker and St. John, the dancing magnets. Murray and Alden, the letter-carriers, and Griffin and McEvoy, the laughable entertainers. The Byrne troupe of acrobats, six in number, is certainly the finest that has been seen on the stage here for many a day. The trick bicycle riding of Harry Kramer and Matthew Byrne, the wonderful juggler, won encore after encore. One of the principal specialties was the rifle shooting of the female sharpshooters—Misses Cooke and Clinton.

At 11 o'clock the curtain was rung down on the fun-makers and the audidience dispersed, exhausted with laughter.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Wilmington Postoffice Sept. 10, 1896:

WOMEN'S LIST.

B—Mrs Mary Bryant, miss Sarah Brown. C—Miss Mary Canmell. D—Miss Grace Dorsey, miss Lottie Duncan, miss Mary Dorman. F—Mrs Ester Fixer, miss Mary Franks, miss Fernel. G—Amanthy Garley, Mrs Ada Gore. H—Miss Emma Jane Houie, miss Feromacy Hatch, miss Hattie Hart, miss Katie Henry. J—Miss Delia Johnson, miss Maria Johnson. L—Miss Laura Leurs. M—Miss Esie Middleton, Miss Lucy Martin, miss Mary J Moore, miss Moris Moore, miss Mollie I Moore. O—Miss Cynthia Owens. S—Miss Katie Sloan. W—Miss Annie Worth, miss Josie Worth, miss Mary Worth, miss Mary Williams.

MEN'S LIST.

A—Wm Allen. B—C Bell. B—Mr D Biggers, David Brown. M M Blumburg, Raymond Branch, R B Bremson, C—Allen A Claflin, John Copeland, Phil Cornwell, Thos Chornel. D—A L Davis. L W DeLaney C—Charlie Carter. F—John Fergus. G—I H Gehrken. H—Bill Howell, Erwin Harrison, Eugene C Hunt. J—Sam James. L—T L Leman. M—A L May, Hardy Metherens, Hartia Mitchell, G W Morgan, Owen McKenny, Theodore Matherson, Wm McLaughlin. O—A H Olsson. P—Lew Paillips. Signor Prospero. S—A Stone, Fred Shear, Edward Shepard, James Snepard, James Shaff. W—Alfred Williams, Jack Whitton.

RETURNED FROM DEAD-LETTER OFFICE.

Amie Moore, J S Moore, Laura Murphey.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in 15 days, they will be sent to the dead letter office.

GEO. L. MORTON, Postmaster.

THE BRYAN SCHEDULE.

Will Speak in North Carolina at Asheville, Hickory, Charlotte, Greensboro, Raleigh, Goldsboro and Rocky Mount—Brief Stops at Other Points.

RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 7.—The following is the official itinerary for speeches of Bryan in North Carolina:

Leave Asheville 5 p. m. September 16th, arrive at Hickory 8 p. m.; leave Hickory 9 p. m., arrive Statesville 10 p. m.; leave Statesville 10.15, arrive Charlotte 11.45 p. m; leave Charlotte 9 30 a. m., arrive Salisbury 11 a. m.; leave Salisbury 11.15 a. m., arrive Greensboro 12 45 p. m.; leave Greensboro, 8 p. m., arrive Durham 5.30 p. m.; leave Durham 6 p. m., arrive Raleigh 7 p. m.; leave Raleigh 9 p. m., arrive Selma 10 p. m.; arrive Goldsboro 11 p. m.; leave Goldsboro 10 30 a. m., September 18th, arrive Wilson 11.30 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount 1.28 p. m, leave Rocky Mount 2 17 p. m, on regular schedule, arrive Weldon 3.33 p. m.

The principal speeches will be made at Asheville, Hickory, Charlotte, Greensboro, Raleigh, Goldsboro and Rocky Mount.

The train will stop for three minutes at Marion, Morganton, Mooresville, Concord, Lexington and Burlington, and at no other points.

Southern Lumber in Eastern Markets.

The Boston *Commercial Bulletin* says: "The situation in yellow pine is much the same as it is in spruce and other kinds of lumber. Trade is quite limited, and prices are in buyers' favor. The Southern mills are in rather poor shape, and are willing to take orders at prices that are reasonable. Combination schedules are thoroughly ignored. Not a few of the mills are shut down for want of orders. North Carolina pine is suffering along with yellow pine for lack of demand, and prices are considerably lower now than they were some months ago. Cypress is quiet and unchanged. Freight rates are, from Atlantic ports, $4.75, and $5.75 from the gulf."

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for alway ins advance.

POPS AND REPUBLICANS

ENDEAVORING TO ARRANGE FOR STATE, CONGRESSIONAL AND COUNTY FUSION.

Both Anxious and Both Playing a Bluff Game—The Question of Taking Russell Down Seriously Considered—Pearson Says Everything Is in a Fog.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C. Sept. 9.

Col. Oliver H. Dockery arrived here to-day. He says he came to see the two old parties court Senator Butler. Col. Dockery remarked incidentally that he was beyond the breastworks and only a 'looker-on in Vienna." Col. Dockery denies absolutely the story printed this morning to the effect that he had resigned the nomination tendered him for Lieutenant Governor by the Republican party. "I never asked them to nominate me," he said, "and I haven't asked them to take me down. They have pursued their course voluntarily." The Pee Dee statesman remarked that he came here to see the operation of taking a man from a ticket.

Senator Butler arrived this morning from Washington. Nat. Garrett and other well-known Populists are here. The proceedings of the Populist Committee's sessions might be rather tame did Harry Skinner fail to turn up, but his presence is promised during the day.

There is a general feeling, as wired last night, that there will be fusion. Maj. Grant seems confident of it.

The Populist Committee will not meet until this afternoon. The Republicans will get together this morning. Maj. Grant says this is the last move on the checker-board, and that if fusion fails this time there will be no further changes in the tickets.

Zeb Walser declares that prominent Democrats are here endeavoring to prevent the Populists from forming any combination with the Republicans.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The Republican Executive Committee met early this morning and appointed Chairman Holton, Marshall Mott and R. O. Patterson a sub-committee to wait on a similar committee of the Populists with a view of arranging fusion on State, Congressional and county matters.

Chairman Ayer, of the Populist Committee, appointed Nat Garrett, Sheriff Sims and himself a committee to meet the Republicans. The sub-committees have been in consultation on and off all day, and it is evident that both sides are more anxious than heretofore to arrange fusion. Bluffing is being indulged in by both committees. Chairman Ayer announced positively to the Republicans that Guthrie would not be withdrawn in favor of any one. The question of taking Russell down has been seriously considered, so it is said. A movement to drop both Russell and Guthrie and substitute Cy Thompson seems to have failed to obtain to any extent.

LATER—Zeb Walser says that Dockery's resignation of the Republican nomination for Lieutenant Governor is in the hands of the Republican committee. Judge Russell, he says, will never come down from the Republican ticket. Russell leaves for the West to-night to resume his campaign.

At 11.30 to-night the Republican Executive Committee adjourned until to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock, without having come to any decision as to fusion with the Populists. The sub-committees have been kept busy running propositions and counter propositions from one committee to the other. The first proposition looking to fusion was submitted by the Populists. They demanded Russell's retirement in favor of Guthrie, and agreed to an equal division on other State offices. They agreed to fuse on county matters, as well as on Congressmen. In the division of Congressmen the Populists yielded Pearson's, Linney's, Settle's and White's districts to the Republicans, and they claim all the others except the third, which is to be decided by arbitration. The Republicans' counter-proposition leaves the gubernatorial fight open between Russell and Guthrie, but provides for fusion on the State officers on an equitable basis. Fusion on county officers and Congressmen is also included. There is no hitch in the Congressional proposition, both being alike. Neither proposition refers to electoral fusion.

It is generally believed that the Republicans and Populists will get together to-morrow. Grant says he will not leave until the matter is settled.

By Southern Associated Press.

RALEIGH N. C., Sept. 9.—Both the Populist and Republican State Committees met here this afternoon. Senators Butler and Pritchard were present. Each committee appointed sub-committees to confer and try to arrange for a State fusion. Members of each committee seem to be in doubt as to the result, Representatives Settle and Pearson are here. Pearsons says there is a complete political fog.

Special Sale at Johnson & Fore's.

Messrs. Johnson & Fore, who have a special sale week for this week only, are offering their elegant stock of goods, consisting of all styles of headwear—hats, caps, bonnets, &c.—at very much reduced rates; in fact the firm sells for cash at the cost price. A large number of ladies are visiting the store daily and viewing the bargains in the lines carried by this firm in connection with the millinery department, consisting of dress goods, silks, white goods, laces, embroideries, table damask, napkins, towels, hosiery, &c. The sale will continue until Saturday to give the public a chance to call.

Baptist Sunday School Excursion.

The Sunday school of the First Baptist church of Wilmington gave an excursion to Southport and out to sea on the steamer *Wilmington* yesterday. The boat left at 9.30 o'clock, crowded with friends and scholars of the school. The day was a very pretty one, and Capt. Harper took those who wished to go, six miles outside, and on returning stopped at various places of interest along the Cape Fear. The trip was a very enjoyable one.

DO YOU TAKE IT?

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that is opposed to the single gold standard, that favors the free coinage of silver on an exact equality with gold, and that does not hesitate to speak its sentiments openly and fearlessly? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

If you will invest $1 25 in a trial subscription of three months you will have ample opportunity to form a fair judgment of the merits of THE MORNING STAR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Rent,

COTTAGE ON OCEAN VIEW, FURNISHED.

Apply to

sep 9 tf D. O'CONNOR,

For Rent,

THE STORE No. 106 NORTH Water street, now occupied by J. L. Croom & Co. Apply to D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent.

sep 8 3t

City Taxes For 1896

ARE NOW DUE AND PAYABLE. IF MORE convenient to Tax-payers, partial payments of Taxes will be received, if full amount is paid within the time allowed by law.

FREDERICK B. RICE, Treasurer and Tax Collector.

sep 6 tf

Notice.

IF THE LITTLE GIRL WITH THE BICYCLE and the two or three little girls who were walking along and were pushed from the sidewalk by three negro women on Front street, between J. H. Taylor's and J. L. Boatwright's stores on Friday night between 7 and 7.30 o'clock, will send their names to the undersigned they will confer a great favor. Address J. F. I., City Postoffice.

aug 20 tf

NOTICE!

The undersigned will, on the

21st Day of September, 1896,

rent out at public auction to the highest bidder, the

Stalls of the Markets

of this city for one year, beginning October 1st following.

The time set for said auction will be, at the Fifth Ward Market 9.30 Front Street Market 10 and Fourth Street Market 12 o'clock.

JOHN MAUNDER,
Chairman Market Committee.

sep 10 4t 10 13 17 20

Matches.

250 Gross Atlantic MATCHES.
100 Gross Climax "
150 Gross B. & C. "
100 Gross Coast "
125 Gross Globe "
75 Gross 200 "
140 Barrels New MULLETS.
100 New CHEESE.
200 Boxes STARCH.
50 Dozen BROOMS.

W. B. COOPER.

aug 30 tf DAW Wilmington, N. C

Truck Farm For Sale at Auction

ON WEDNESDAY, 16TH inst., at 12 o'clock m., we will sell upon the premises, that valuable Truck Farm situated upon the Newbern Road, two miles from the city limits (on the east side) and well known as the SCATTERGOOD PLACE. The tract contains 12 36-100 acres, all cleared, ditched, and under fence, and adapted to the cultivation of all kinds of truck. The improvements consist of a Seven-room House, Barn, Stables, Poultry House, and every convenience found upon a first-class place. Everything new, having been in use only for about two years, and ready for immediate occupation. This farm is within one-fourth of a mile of a spur from W., C. & N. R. R'd, from whence truck can be shipped in any direction. Place healthy, good cistern water, and near school house, church, &c. Wagonette will leave our office on the day of sale, at 11 o'clock, to take those who wish to attend. For further information apply to

W. M. CUMMING or
CRONLY & MORRISS,
Auctioneers.

Sept. 6, 1896.
sep 6 4t sun wed sun wed

Bulbs, Bulbs.

PLACE YOUR ORDERS NOW AND GET THE CHOICE.

JAMES D. NUTT,
sep 6 tf THE DRUGGIST.

Press Boy Wanted.

A stout, reliable boy who has had experience in running.

Job Presses,

may SECURE EMPLOYMENT by applying at the

sep 6 3t STAR OFFICE.

Fish and Fish Barrels.

100 Barrels MULLETS.
800 Empty Fish BARRELS.
500 Bushels PEANUTS.
150 Boxes CHEESE.
5000 Sacks SALT.

Also Crackers, Can Goods, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses and other goods.

D. L. Gore.

sep 3 tf

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

REDUCED TO $5.00.

BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DO YOU WANT

TO SEE

One of the Cheapest and Prettiest Line of

RUGS

ever shown in the city? If so, take a look at our large

Show Windows.

Prices 65c to $2.50.

Just received forty newest designs of Brussell and Moquet

Carpets.

Lowest prices.

Fall and Winter Samples

CLOTHING.

Suits to Order $12.50 and Up.

J. H. Rehder & Co.,

617 & 619 North Fourth Street. Phone 118.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and upwards.

aug 30 tf

Are You Going to Marry?

If so, see our samples of the latest styles in engraved

Wedding Stationery.

Strictly High Class work guaranteed.

Calling Cards, Ball Invitations, Crests, Monograms, etc.

Wedding Presents.

Anticipating quite a number of marriages this fall we purchased an unusual stock of BEAUTIFUL PICTURES, handsomely framed; Easels, Screens and other articles suitable for Wedding Presents.

If You Are Not Yet Married

You probably will be, provided you use the right thing in FINE STATIONERY.

We have all the best products of Marcus Ward, Geo. B. Hurd, Crane and other well known manufacturers.

All the latest "fads" in shapes, sizes and tints put up in handsome packages by the quire, pound or box.

C. W. Yates & Co.,

sep 9 tf Wilmington, N. C.

THE CELEBRATED

Bartholomay Brew. Co.,

ROCHESTER

BEER.

HANDLED BY ALL SALOONS

Outside the city solicited.

F. RICHTER, Agent

For Export and Draught.

my 13 tf

NOTICE.

HAVING PURCHASED THE OTHER HALF of the entire Wholesale and Retail Boot and Shoe business, known as Mercer & Evans, successors to H. C. Evans, at 115 Princess street, which includes the entire interest in said business of the late H. C. Evans, such as half of stock of Boots and Shoes, books and book accounts due and becoming due, good will, &c., and at the same time assuming all the liabilities pertaining to said firm, the undersigned will continue the business under the firm name of Mercer & Evans, at the same old stand.

Respectfully,
J. B. MERCER.

To those whose accounts are due we would respectfully say. Please pay at once. It is necessary. To those whose accounts will be due we would respectfully say: Please pay promptly when due. It is necessary. To those who have been dealing with us we would in gratitude say: Thank you, with the hope that you and we have been mutual benefitted, and that you will continue to wear our Shoes. It is necessary. To those who have dealt with us and feel like they did not get full value for what they paid, we would say kindly let us know it, that we may have the chance to set the matter right. It is necessary. To those who have never dealt with us we would earnestly say: When in need of Shoes give us a trial. It is necessary. To all we extend a most cordial invitation to wear our Shoes. It is nece sary.

Respectfully,
MERCER & EVANS,
Successors to H. C. Evans,
Wilmington, N. C., July 7, 1896. y 8 tf

Executor's Notice.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS EXECUTRIX OF the last will and testament of my late husband, William Henry Strauss, deceased, all persons indebted to him are requested to make immediate payment of such indebtedness to me, and those to whom my said testator was indebted are hereby notified to present their claims to me on or before the first day of September, 1897, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

This the 27th day of August, 1896.

JESSIE R. STRAUSS,
Executrix.

A. J. Marshall, Attorney.
aug 27 6w th

Carolina Beach.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, AUGUST 31st, the Steamer Wilmington will leave for Carolina Beach 9.30 a. m. and 5.15 p. m. Leave Beach 7 a. m. and 3.30 p. m.

aug 30 tf J. W. HARPER.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 10, 1896

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
of Nebraska.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:
ARTHUR SEWALL,
of Maine.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR:
CYRUS B. WATSON,
of Forsyth.
FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR:
THOMAS W. MASON,
of Northampton.
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
CHARLES M. COOKE,
of Franklin.
FOR STATE TREASURER:
B. F. AYCOCK,
of Wayne.
FOR STATE AUDITOR:
R. M. FURMAN,
of Buncombe.
FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH,
of Johnston.
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
F. I. OSBORNE,
of Mecklenburg.
ASSOCIATE JUSTICES SUPREME COURT:
A. C. AVERY, of Burke,
GEO. H. BROWN, Jr., of Beaufort.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

1st District—W. H. Lucas, of Hyde.
2d " F. A. Woodard, of Wilson.
3d " Frank Thompson, Onslow.
4th " E. W. Pou, of Johnston.
5th " W. W. Kitchin, of Person.
6th " Jas A. Lockhart, of Anson.
7th " S. J. Pemberton, of Stanly.
8th " R. A. Doughton, Alleghany
9th " Jos. S. Adams, Buncombe.

☞ COCKRAN ON SLAVEHOLDERS.—Will you submit to this conspiracy between the professional farmers, the farmers who cultivate the quarrels of their neighbors, farmers who labor with their jaws, Populist agitators of the West, and the unreconciled slave-holders of the South? This is a conspiracy between professional farmers, who want to pay low wages, and the unreconciled slave-holders, who would like to pay no wages at all.—(Extract from the speech of Bourke Cockran, delivered in New York August 18th.)

Every Democratic paper should print, and every Democratic speaker should read to his audiences, the following letter written by President Cleveland in 1893 to the editor of the Atlanta *Constitution:*

"GRAY GABLES, BUZZARD BAY, Mass., July 16, 1893.—Clark Howell, Esq.—My Dear Sir: The receipt of your recent letter has gratified me exceedingly. It has a tone of true Democracy about it, and is pervaded with the sort of Democratic frankness which is very pleasing.

"I think the underlying principles of party organization is what you so admirably express as an acceptance of the arbitrament of the National Convention. On the other hand, it is as fully the duty of one opposed to shut his mind and heart to any feeling of irritation or resentment that might be allowed to grow out of opposition based upon honest judgment and a conscientious desire for party success.

"I am not surprised, though I am gratified by the announcement that from this time to the close of the campaign your own service and the invaluable influence of the *Constitution* will be devoted to the fight for Democratic success. It honestly seems to me that Democrats who are not at this time loyal to the cause are recreant to their country.

"Personal advancement of man is nothing; the triumph of the principles we advocate is everything.

"Hoping that we may congratulate each other on a a glorious result in November, I am, yours sincerely,

"GROVER CLEVELAND."

HOW IT WORKS.

The advocates of the single gold standard profess surprise that there should be discontent among the farmers of the country, and not satisfied with being surprised they manifest their disapprobation of the discontent by denouncing the farmers as "repudiators," "unreconciled slaveholders," "anarchists," and by hurling at them sundry other uncomplimentary epithets; but for all that the farmer persists in being discontented and is obstinate enough not to be persuaded that he is as much to be envied as the gold gentlemen say he is, and is so blind that he cannot see how prosperous he is and how happy he should be after these same gentlemen have labored so hard to show him that he is really prosperous, although he has for some unaccountable reason not been able to discover it. Some people are never really happy unless they are miserable, unless they can find something to growl about and make themselves and other people feel uncomfortable, because they are built that way and can't help it, any more than the frog can help croaking when his neighbors call on him. There are, doubtless, among the millions of farmers some of this kind, who croak and growl because they enjoy that kind of amusement, but they are not all that way, and the number that are not are in a very considerable majority, in proportion of about 999 to 1, or thereabouts.

But, seriously, while the farmer isn't the only denizen of these United States who has cause to complain, he has good cause to complain and complain with an emphasis that should command attention. Some of the gold writers and speakers seem to be under the impression that because the farmer makes enough to feed and clothe himself and family he is doing well, which is equivalent to saying that the farmer ought to be pretty well satisfied if he gets along as well as the horses that pull his plows and help him make his crops, for they are well fed and housed, and are furnished by nature with quite comfortable covering. But these same gentlemen who think the farmer is doing well if he feeds and clothes himself and family and keeps out of debt, would not think they had been doing well themselves if their investments for the year or for a series of years had panned out only their food and clothes.

There are farmers, of course, who have prospered, because they were men of more than ordinary ability, who pursued the best methods, produced at the least possible cost, or grew specialties which commanded a price that left a remunerative margin over the cost of production. We find this kind in the South, as they are found elsewhere, but these are the exception. While they have prospered, the large majority have not, and it has not been from any fault of theirs.

While they have had to contend with the elements and take their chances on damage by floods, storms, droughts, insects, &c., they have also had to contend against legislation which has been more disastrous than all of these combined. They have had to contend against depreciated prices as one of the results of some of this legislation, depreciated prices for what they have had to sell, and against enhanced prices for many of the things they have had to buy as a result of other legislation, legislation intended to favor manufacturers, as the former legislation to which we refer was intended to favor the bond holders and money lenders.

As an illustration of how the prices of farm products have depreciated since 1866 we quote the following prices as given in tables furnished by the United States Department of Agriculture. These tables use decimals, which we dispense with and give in a form which will be better understood. The figures as we give them may vary a fraction of a cent from the original, but not enough to make a material difference.

	Currency. 1866.	Gold. 1886.	1895.
Corn,	$ .68	$ .48	$ .25
Wheat,	2 20	1.56	.60
Oats,	.50	.36	.20
Rye,	1.18	.84	.44
Barley,	1.00	.72	.34
Buckwheat,	.97	.69	.45
Potatoes,	.68	.48	.27
Tobacco, (lb)	.14	.10	.07
Hay, (ton)	15 00	10 35	8 35

Some of the gold standard advocates will say that this is the result of overproduction, and others that it is a readjustment of values, but neither of these is true. It is the appreciation of the purchasing power of gold, caused by the destruction of one half the world's volume of metallic money by the demonetization of silver. The prices are fixed by the gold standard countries of Europe, these prices governing the prices in our own market, and while the farmer has to sell at gold standard prices he must take in pay any kind of legal tender money that may be current; so that the farmer who in 1866 could have paid a thousand dollar debt with less than 500 bushels of wheat would now have to give 2,000 bushels of wheat to pay it. And so he would now have to part with two or three times as much of anything to pay a debt as he did then.

The cold, unvarnished truth is that all the financial legislation since the war has been to enhance the value and purchasing power of money, and correspondingly to decrease the purchasing power of everything bought with money. The manufacturer has been protected from the depreciation of what he makes by legislation which gave him a monopoly of the home market, but the farmer has had to suffer while the favored money manipulators and manufacturers prospered by the legislation that robbed him.

MINOR MENTION.

During the years of the high protective tariff, represented now by Mark Hanna and his candidate, Mr. McKinley, when the Democratic party was struggling for a reduction of tariff taxation, to lessen the burden upon the people, and to reduce the plunder which went to enrich the the protected manufacturers who furnished the campaign funds, as the legislation which they wanted, as they are doing now, and dictated they expect to do if the Republican party be successful in the next election, then it was the order of the day among their protected manufacturers to bring pressure to bear upon their employes to make them vote against the Democratic party and against a reduction of tariff taxation. This became so much the order of the day that it almost ceased to attract attention, and was looked upon as a matter of course. But Democrats everywhere denounced it as an exercise of tyrannical dictation for which there was no defence. Now that there is another issue, even more vital than tariff reform, we find the same tactics being pursued by corporations, members of some of which were, when the protected manufacturers were pursuing these tactics, unreserved in their denunciation of that kind of tyranny. In the North we find some of the railroad corporations sending out tons of literature, including circulars, instructing their employes to form gold standard clubs, while their leading officers are going around addressing meetings of their employes and telling them how they should vote, which is simply telling them how they are *expected* to vote. In addition to this manufacturers who desire more protection are issuing circulars to their employes to work for McKinley because McKinley represents "sound money" and "protection." In striking contrast to these is the following circular issued by the Manchester Slate Company, at Easton, Pa.:

To the Employes of the Chester Slate Company—Dear Sirs: As intelligent men, you are capable of forming your own judgment as to how you should cast your ballots at the coming election for President and Vice President. The company takes this opportunity of saying to you: "Vote as your conscience dictates, without any fear or favor." No man in our employ will ever lose his job because he chooses to exercise the rights of American citizenship.

These men talk like Americans who appreciate the value and purpose of the ballot, talking to Americans who are presumed to have the intelligence, manhood and patriotism to vote as their judgment and conscience dictate.

***

There has been a great deal of flocking to Washington and New York by the Republican boss politicians of this State, the intent of which flocking was to persuade the bosses and loot distributors up there that this State can be carried for McKinley—provided the requisite cash be forthcoming and be put "where it will do the most good." As a result of their representations Mark Hanna has been made to believe that McKinley can carry this State, at least he is quoted as counting on North Carolina as one of the few Southern States he expects to capture. Some time ago Loge Harris said in Raleigh that Mark Hanna would furnish $200,000 for use in this State, and he has recently returned from New York, whither he hastily went on a summons from Mr. Hanna, pretty well supplied, it is thought, with the necessary lubricator for the machinery, and is now the envied of the other "patriots" because he has been made the trusted custodian and dispenser of the loot. Whether this be so or not, whether Loge came back with his grip-sack stuffed with money or its equivalent, it is evident that if the party bosses expect to carry North Carolina for McKinley they expect to do it by the free use of money. Loge is calculating on making his best efforts in the East where he thinks the money can be used with better effect and be made to go further. On the Republican side this is going to be a campaign of monstrous corruption, for they have come to the conclusion that in this is there only hope of carrying McKinley through.

***

The reception of Wm. J. Bryan on his return to his home at Lincoln, after his Eastern tour was the capping ovation of the many unprecedented popular demonstrations that greeted Mr. Bryan at hamlet, town and city along his route in going to and returning from New York. This was different from the reception given him on his return from Chicago after his nomination, for that was a tribute of his fellow-citizens, regardless of party, to the man and fellow-townsman, but this was a tribute to the man and Candidate, the representative of the principles and standard-bearer of the party of the men who welcomed and honored him. It was one of which he or any other citizen of this Republic might be proud, as he doubtless was and well might be. It was not only a tribute to him as their standard bearer, but was a significant demonstration of the devotion of the masses of the people of Nebraska to the cause which he represents and they have espoused, and it shows how deep down in their hearts the cause of the people is rooted, The people understand it; they are not as dull of comprehension as some seem to think they are, for they feel and know that this is a struggle of the masses against the favored few, and that if the favored few triumph the masses must continue to be tribute payers to the few as they have been for a generation.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Senator Palmer was very glad to take advantage of Populist support when he was elected to his present office. But he forgot to carry out the pledges he made to the Populist members of the Illinois Legislature who voted for him.—*New York Journal, Dem.*

—— "There is no gold in silver countries and plenty of silver in gold countries," says a gold organ, which shows that while people can get along admirably without gold, they cannot get along at all without silver. *Atlanta Constitution, Dem.*

—— Major McKinley is on record as liking the ticket which was nominated at Indianapolis. One of the amusing things of the campaign is the unanimity with which the Republican papers declare that the Hanna performance of Thursday was the only true Democratic convention.—*Cincinnati Enquirer, Dem.*

—— Our extravagant National Government costs $500,000,000 a year. This means an average tax of about $8 per capita or $40 per family. Add the State taxes, the county taxes, the town taxes and the manufacturers' taxes under our tariff system, and it is not surprising that times are hard. It would be a wonder if they were soft.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it Free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Washington *Progress:* We regret to hear of the death of Commissioner W. B. Campbell, which occurred at his home near Gaylard Thursday night. —— Mr. Charles M. Roberson died Wednesday in the forty fifth year of his age.

— Winston *Sentinel:* A collection of California Rainbow trout from the Fish Commission at Washington were put off the train here this morning for Holleman's pond, two miles from the city. A quantity of Black Bass were also on the train, for ponds at Elkin and Wilksboro.

— Newbern *Journal:* Mrs. Wade, of Carolina City, was killed Monday evening by being struck and run over by a small cable tram car, on the fish scrap factory road at that place. Her child was on the track when the car came swiftly along and in her efforts to rescue it met her fatal injuries. The child was also quite badly injured.

— Durham *Sun:* The superintendent of one of the great penitentiary farms on the Roanoke river says the July freshet ruined 4,000 acres of corn, this being divided between the two Caledonia plantations and the Northampton and Halifax farms. About 1,000 acres of corn which was spared will make a good crop. The cotton crop will also be as large as last year. —— The total valuation of property for taxes this year, in Durham, is $5,178,648,000.

— Charlotte *News*: Epharim Carpenter, on erring citizen of Cherryville, shot himself yesterday afternoon, and is probably now dead. Carperter deserted his wife and six children to live with a woman in the same neighborhood. His bondsmen yesterday surrendered him and the sheriff went to a brick yard where Carpenter was working and arrested him, intending to take him to jail at Dallas. As they started away Carpenter drew a pistol and shot himself through the bowels. The doctor said that he could not live.

TWINKLINGS.

— "He's a hermit, you know, and never has spoken to a woman."

"Poor fellow! Perhaps he has always met that kind that insist on doing all the talking themselves."—*Chicago Post.*

— Brown—"They say the best goods come in the smallest packages."

Jones—"I guess that's right. My wife weighs over 200 pounds."—*N. Y. Press.*

— Cawker — Young Pennibs is doing better than he did in the poetry line.

Cumso—Why, he told me he hadn't written anything for a couple of months.

Cawker—That's what I mean.—*Judge.*

— "What do they mean by parity?"

"Oh, it means that one kind of dollar is just as hard to get as the other."—*Puck.*

— Miss Von der Roks—"Oh, dear; I do wish a foreign nobleman would come along."

Waiter (obsequiously)—"At your service, ladies. The Viscount Spaghetti would be pleased to take your orders."—*Judge.*

— Buggins—President Cleveland used to be like George Washington, but isn't any longer. Now, why is it?"

Guggins—Go on; spring it.

Buggins—Because up to last Saturday he was never known to Li.—*Buffalo Express.*

— Wiggles—"I hear Bjenks has been very ill. Is he out of danger yet?"

Waggles—"Well, he's convalescent; but he won't be out of danger until that pretty nurse who has been taking care of him has gone away."—*London Tit Bits.*

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

HON. CHAS B. AYCOCK

Will address the people at the following times and places:

Richlands, Thursday, Sept. 10th.
Hallsville, Friday, Sept. 11. (Duplin county.)
Warsaw, Saturday, Sept. 12.

HON. B F. AYCOCK,

Democratic candidate for State Treasurer, will address the people at the following times and places:

Elm City, Wilson county. Thursday, September 10.
Nashville, Nash county, Friday, September 11.
Springhope, Nash county, Saturday, September 12.
Sutton's, Franklin county, Monday, September 14.
Wakefield, Wake county, Tuesday, September 15.
Rolesville, Wake county, Wednesday, September 16.
Youngsville, Franklin county, Thursday, September 17.
Auburn, Wake county, Friday, September 18.
Princeton, Johnston county, Saturday, September 19.
Hon. Frank Thompson, Democratic candidate for Congress, has been requested to speak with Mr. Aycock at all appointments in the Third District.
Hon. E. W. Pou at all appointments in the Fourth District.

Picture of a Sea Fight.

Instantaneous photography has made it easy today for men with little knowledge of seamanship to place ships and boats under sail in a picture, but in early days the power of doing so correctly was limited to a few men like Stanfield and Captain Beechy, R. N.

The difficulty of obtaining anything like a reliable description of a sea fight, even from those who had taken part in it, was, according to Stanfield, very great, and he told us how, when planning his picture of "The Battle of Trafalgar," he applied to Captain Hardy for advice as to the position of the Victory, Hardy's answer being that, owing to the smoke, it was impossible during the height of the action to see beyond the ships alongside, adding, "I am about the worst man you could come to, for some time before that which your picture represents the Victory's tiller ropes had been shot away, and I was below in the steerage attending to them and the helm, and down there we knew so little of what was going on that we continued to load and fire one of her stern guns until ordered from the deck to stop because we were firing into one of our own ships."

Like Loutherbourg, Stanfield had been at sea as a young man, while both owed much of their facility and power of composing a subject to their early training in the scene loft. But I think Loutherbourg greatly surpassed Stanfield as a draftsman and in knowledge of naval architecture.—Temple Bar.

Purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla, which will give you an appetite, tone your stomach and strengthen your nerves. †

Flint Working.

It is curious that the very oldest business in the world has continued on, of course, in a rapidly diminishing quantity, but still kept on from the time when man first fashioned a weapon out of flint up to today. Where man in the neolithic age, thousands on thousands of years ago, dug his pit and found his flint, and there fashioned it, in the identical place the same work is carried on today at Brandon by what is called the flint knapper. Under the chalk lies the flint, and pits are dug and short tunnels constructed. The old workings of the remote past are close to the present ones. The mystery of arrow making, using flint as a material, has been solved long ago. By practical work it is found to be much less difficult than it was at first supposed, and that it can be quickly done. Modern processes only differ inasmuch as we have more efficient tools. The knapper puts a leather pad on his knee and so splits it. What his business is, is to make flints for old muskets and guns, such as are used in the most remote parts of the world. India, China and South America still use flintlock guns. Perhaps never will this, the oldest of guilds, give entirely over its flint working. The past ever accompanies the present.—New York Times.

Meadow Lark's Music.

During a short residence in California one of our delightful experiences came to us through the vocal entertainment of the mocking birds and meadow larks. Of the meadow lark I now write. It is a joy forever to have listened to the incomparable notes of one of those birds, which, cradled on the topmost point of some plumelike eucalyptus, bending beneath the weight of the bird and swayed by the passing breeze, poured forth its soul in irrepressible overflow of song in tones so full, clear, sweet and delicately modulated as to place this songster beyond the possibility of a rival. We were horrified later to see by a San Francisco paper that these songsters were being exterminated by the hunters, who killed them for the markets at so much a hundred.—Boston Transcript.

Sunday Observance.

Scene—Scotch farmhouse. Time, Sunday morning.

Tourist (to farmer's wife)—Can you let me have a glass of milk, please?

Milk is produced and consumed.

Tourist (taking some coppers from his pocket)—A penny, I suppose?

Farmer's Wife—Man, dae ye no think shame o' yersel' tae be buyin goods on the Sawbath?

Tourist (repocketing the coppers)—Oh, well, there's no harm done. I'm sure I'm much obliged. But won't you have the money for it?

Farmer's Wife—Na, na; I'll no tak' less than saxpence for breakin the Sawbath.—Leeds Mercury.

Odd Bits of China.

The way for the dainty housekeeper to have a pretty though economical arrangement of dishes for her dining table is to avoid sets of dishes. Sets of nice china are expensive in the first place, and a never ending source of misery in the effort they entail to match broken pieces. Odd sets of plates, cups and saucers, unique of their kind; single dishes for vegetables, condiments and sauces can all be purchased for very little money at the Japanese and Indian bazaars in any city or town. If selected with a view to their being used on the same table, they will give an interest and touch of variety to the simplest meal that can never be obtained from a monotonous array of duplicated china. Besides, if standard wares are selected, like willow, Hawthorne or Saxony, a broken piece does not entail hours of agony to the housekeeper in ceaseless quest for the desired pattern in cups, saucers and plates.

PRIMARIES.

NOTICE.

To the Democratic Voters of New Hanover County:

All qualified voters are requested to participate in the precinct primaries which are hereby called to be held on Tuesday, the 15th day of September, between the hours of 8 and 9 o'clock p. m. in the city, and 12 m. and 7 p. m. in the county precincts, for the purpose of electing delegates to the County Convention, which Convention will meet on Saturday, the 19th day of September, at 12 o'clock m., at the Court House, in the City of Wilmington, for the purpose of nominating a County ticket.

The Primaries called between the above mentioned hours will be held at the following places, i. e:

1st Ward, at Phœnix Hose House.
2nd Ward, at the old Court House.
3rd Ward, at Giblem Lodge.
4th Ward, No. 121 Front street (between Dock and Orange.
5th Ward, Fifth Ward Truck House.
Cape Fear Township, at Cowan's store.
Harnett Township, at Township House.
Masonboro Township, Myrtle Grove School House.
Federal Point Township, Biddle's store.

In the Wards containing more than one Precinct, boxes for each division will be provided, so that each Precinct will vote separately. The following are appointed poll holders and registrars and will certify to the County Convention the result:

For 1st Ward—C. L. Spencer, Charles M. Harriss, poll holders; F. P. Skipper, registrar.

For 2nd Ward—P. Heinsberger, Jr., M. P. Taylor, Sr., poll holders; Wallace H. Styron, registrar.

For 3d Ward—D. C. Love, Walker Meares, poll holders; E. F. Johnson, registrar.

For 4th Ward—O. A. Wiggins, W. P. Oldham, poll holders; W. B. McKoy, registrar.

For 5th Ward—J. J. Smith, R. H. McKoy, poll holders; Walker Taylor, registrar.

For Cape Fear Township—Samuel Blossom, E. Dempsey, poll holders; J. T. Kerr, registrar.

For Harnett Township—C. H. Alexander, B. B. Humphrey, poll holders; S. J. Jones, registrar.

For Masonboro Township—C. W. Bishop, C. W. Stokely, poll holders; D. J. Fergus, registrar.

For Federal Point Township—H. B. Taylor, John A. Biddle, poll holders; W. B. Rhodes, registrar.

Primaries are entitled to the following representation in the County Convention:

First Ward—First Precinct, five delegates; Second Precinct, five delegates; Third Precinct, four delegates; Fourth Precinct, two delegates; Fifth Precinct, two delegates.

Second Ward—Seventeen delegates.

Third Ward—First Precinct, three delegates; Second Precinct, nine delegates.

Fourth Ward—First Precinct, eight delegates; Second Precint, seven delegates.

Fifth Ward—First Precinct, five delegates; Second Precinct, eight delegates; Third Precinct, five delegates, Fourth Precinct, three delegates.

Cape Fear Township—Two delegates.
Harnett Township—Four delegates.
Masonboro Township—Two delegates.
Federal Point Township—One delegate.

NOTE—According to the party plan recently issued by the State Democratic Executive Committee, the candidates for the House of Representatives and County offices may be voted for at these primaries, and the delegates shall vote in the County Convention for these candidates in accordance with the vote of their respective precincts for said candidates; that is to say, each candidate shall receive in the County Convention that portion of the vote to which the precinct may be entitled, which he received in the precinct election.

By order of the Democratic Executive Committee of New Hanover county.

H. McL. GREEN, Chairman.
B. F. KING, Secretary.
sep 2 3t 2 9 15

Biliousness

Is caused by torpid liver, which prevents digestion and permits food to ferment and putrify in the stomach. Then follow dizziness, headache,

Hood's Pills

insomina, nervousness, and, if not relieved, bilious fever or blood poisoning. Hood's Pills stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure headache, dizziness, constipation, etc. 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

APPOINTMENTS WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

W. S. Hone, Presiding Elder.

Mission, Haw Branch, September 12, 13.

Onslow circuit, Swansboro, September 19, 20.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¼
Standa d		@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	4	@	4¼
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	4¾
BARRELS—Spirit Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	23	@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	
N rthern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	40	@	40
Virginia Meal	40	@	40
COTTON TIES ℔ bundle		@	1 40
CANDLES ℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE ℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE— ℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	13	@	17
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS— ℔ dozen	7	@	8
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	27 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	3 25
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 00
N C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Mackerel	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR— ℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 00
Choice	3 25	@	3 25
Straight	4 10	@	4 50
First Patent	4 45	@	4 47
GLUE— ℔ ℔—		@	8½
GRAIN— ℔ bushel—			45
Corn, from store, bags—White,		@	43½
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White,		@	43½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White,		@	40
Oats, from store	30	@	33½
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	40
Corn Peas	40	@	
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔—			
Eastern		@	1 05
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	2	@	2¼
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME ℔ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER(Re y sawed), ℔ M fee:—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	2000
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	22
" " in bbls		@	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	29
" in bbls		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	13
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 60d basis	2 35	@	2 64
PORK, ℔ b rrel—			
City Mess		@	8 00
Rump		@	7 50
Prime		@	7 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	65
On 12½ ℔ Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Granu		@	45
Standard A		@	4½
White Ex. C		@	4¼
Extra C, Golden	4	@	4¼
C		@	3
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	5	@	5
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 10	@	2 00
North Caro ina	1 10	@	2 00
WOOL, ℔ ℔—Washed	13	@	14
Unwashed	9	@	10

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, September 9.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 21½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 21 cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 85 per bbl for Strained and $1 40 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market steady at $1 05 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Quiet. Hard $1 30, Yellow Dip 1 55, Virgin 1 65 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 25½@24½c; rosin, strained, $1 12½; good strained, 1 17½; tar, 1 20; crude turpentine, $1 10, 1 50, 1 80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	112
Rosin	736
Tar	110
Crude Turpentine	68

Receipts same day last year—72 casks spirits turpentine, 351 bbls rosin, 289 bbls tar, 32 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm. Quotations:

Ordinary	5¼	cts ℔ ℔
Good Ordinary	6¾	" "
Low Middling	7 7-16	" "
Middling	7⅞	" "
Good Middling	8 3-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7½c.

Receipts—1,379 bales; same day last year 81.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 40@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams 9 to 11½c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 7½c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1 60 to 2.25; six inch, $2 50 to 3.50; seven inch, $3 50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $8.00 to 7.50 per M.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, September 9—Evening.—Money on call was quiet at 5@7 per cent; last loan at 5, closing offered at at 5 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 8@9 per cent. Sterling exchange was easy; actual business in bankers bills 483½@483¾ for sixty days and 484@484½ for demand. Commercial bills 481½@483. Governmentbonds were steady; United States coupon fours 107¼; United States twos 93. State bonds were dull; North Carolina fours 90; North Carolina sixes 110. Railroad bonds firm.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was quiet.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, September 9—Evening.—Cotton quiet; middling gulf 9c; middling uplands 8¾c.

Cotton futures—market closed steady; September 8 34, October 8 42, November 8 41, December 8 49, January 8 55, February 8 59, March 8 63, April 8 65, May 8 67. Sales 278,600 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 750 bales; gross 9,219 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent —— bales; forwarded 1,150 bales; sales 464 bales; sales to spinners 364 bales; stock (actual) 67,772 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 24 994 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,510 bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent —— bales; stock 804,276 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 94 853 bales; exports to Great Britain 21,524 bales; to France 5,507 bales; to the Continent 1,037 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 158,956 bales; exports to Great Britain 31,873 bales; exports to France 13,107 bales; exports to the Continent 5,147 bales.

Flour steady and prices unchanged; Southern was quoted unchanged; common to fair extra $2 00@2 60; good to choice $2 60@2 90. Wheat—spot was quiet and steady; options were moderately active and steady at ¼c advance; No. 2 red May 68⅞c; September 63¼c; October —c; November 64¾c; December 65⅜c. Corn—spot dull and firm; No. 2 25½c at elevator and 26½c afloat; options were dull and steady at unchanged prices; September 25¼c; October 25¾c; November —c; December 27½c; May 28½c. Oats—spot quiet and firm; options dull and firmer; September 19½c; October 19⅝c; December 20⅝c; spot—No. 2 20; No. 2 white 23½; mixed Western 19½@21c. Lard quiet, unsettled; Western steam $3 60 asked; city $3 30; no option sales; September $3 57, nominal; refined lard was quiet; Continent $4 00; South America $4 40; compound $3 87½@4 00. Pork steady; new mess $7 50@8 25. Butter—choice steady; fair demand; State dairy 10@15c; do. extra creamery 11½@16½c; Western dairy 9@12c; Elgins 16½. Eggs were firm, with a fair demand; State and Pennsylvania 15½@17; Western fresh

Castoria

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS

Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called soothing Syrups and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poison?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher? That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well These Things are worth knowing. They are facts.

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

CASTORIA DESTROYS WORMS, ALLAYS FEVERISHNESS, CURES DIARRHŒA AND WIND COLIC, RELIEVES TEETHING TROUBLES AND CURES CONSTIPATION AND FLATULENCY.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of [illegible] is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

Chas. H. Fletcher

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER

has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S

is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 14 y

Save Paying Doctors' Bills

B.B.B. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

Has been thoroughly tested by eminent physicians and the people for 40 years, and cures quickly and permanently

SCROFULA, ULCERS, ECZEMA, RHEUMATISM, CATARRH, ERUPTIONS, and all manner of RATING, SPREADING and RUNNING SORES. It is by far the best tonic and blood purifier ever offered to the world. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5. For sale by druggists.

SENT FREE WONDERFUL CURES. BOOK OF BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

feb 18 1y tu th sa

GROVES

TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year 600 bottles of GROVES TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,

ABNEY, CARR & CO.

For sale—Wholesale and Retail, and guaranteed by R. R. Bellamy. Retail by J. H. Hardin and all other Druggists, Wilmington, N. C.

ap 30 D & w 6m

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

The Morning Star.

A MISCONCEPTION.

"Oh, what a beautiful rare bouquet!"
Enraptured he heard his fair one say.
"Pinks, roses and lilies, as white as snow—
Oh, Charlie, I do love lilies so!
And there are so fragrant, fresh and wet,
I declare there's a little dew on them yet!"

He started, and trembled and sought to trace
The meaning that lay in that fair young face,
But the cloudless heavens were not more pure,
Nor the brow of a vestal more demure.
As she dreamily murmured, "Yes, Charlie,
I'll bet,
There must be a little dew on them yet!"

Not a sign or tremor in word or act,
Though he bent his gaze till it almost
crack'd,
And looked and smiled, as the maiden spoke,
Like a man with the toothache making a
joke,
But today, if you ask him, I'll wager a pot
He can't tell whether she meant it or not.

—J. R. Parke In Detroit Free Press.

GERMAN BEER DUELS.

Contests In Which the Students Make Human Barrels of Themselves.

As is well known, the German students are as fond of their beer as our British workingman, and they have invested the consumption of that beverage with strict laws of etiquette. Among the members of the various "corps," the name by which the highest grade of student society is known, a distinct code prevails as to the compliments that should be paid, the responses that should be accorded to these compliments, and also when and how much beer should be consumed.

The infraction of these rules in the slightest particular lays the offender open to the command to drink off a certain quantity of beer, generally a krug, or potful, shaped like a topboot, holding about a quart.

The ordinary beer duel, however, is more often the result of an insult or quarrel. For instance, supposing two students have embarked in a dispute. Each maintains that the other is wrong, and, in the end, an appeal is made to the senior student, who, after mature deliberation, decides that recourse to beer would be the best method of arbitration.

The point at issue may be a graye academic theory, a disputed point in theology, anything, in fact, but still beer must decide it! Two large krugs are placed upon the table—one before each disputant; an umpire is chosen, and the cups are carefully examined, since it is absolutely essential that the quantity in each krug should be the same.

A scene of the liveliest excitement ensues, and the other students crowd round the duelists awaiting the event with singular eagerness. At the word "Take hold" the rivals clutch their glasses; "To the lips" rings out, and the bibulous warriors uplift them. "One, two, three—drink!" And in a second or two the beer has been gulped down.

The one who, having emptied his glass to the very dregs, first exclaims "Bierjunge" is acclaimed the winner. So great is the proficiency of the average German student in the art of beer drinking that the combatants generally gasp out "Bierjunge" simultaneously. When this is the case, the umpire examines the rivals with great care and should there be the slightest drop on the floor by the side of one of their chairs, or on his clothes, he is at once disqualified.

Tie after tie is often proclaimed, much to the discomfort of the rivals, and pint after pint is swallowed until either the judge casts his vote or nature gives way on one side or the other.

This ideal beer enthusiasm, however, extends to the matter of quantity as well as rapidity of consumption. A student across the German ocean will often drop into a friend's house for a quiet and, so to say, friendly game of beer, and they will swill and swill until one or the other yields. These human barrels need no friends and admirers to encourage and stimulate them while competing for the crown of glory. Their generous enthusiasm is such that they seek retired nooks wherein to practice their beloved science until such a state of perfection is obtained that they may with honor and pride show the world their greatness, for having reached the professional stage, surely, like other great artists, they have a right to crave for fame, renown and an opportunity of displaying to an admiring audience their splendid endowments.

Not long ago a doughty champion, having challenged a brother artist to a ten hour duel, drank no fewer than 78 krugs of beer, or about 64 pints.

Never will this hero's name be forgotten, and his feat will be handed down to posterity by the university.—Pearson's Weekly.

Pawnshop Sales.

"Don't imagine," says a Boston auctioneer, "that you can get any real bargains at a pawnshop sale. The pawnbroker knows just what people think about his stock, many of them having learned from experience that he will pay next to nothing on the best quality of jewelry and silverware, watches, etc., and they thus get it into their heads that all the articles sold at auction are genuine goods. But there's where they make a big mistake. The pawnbroker seldom sells any pledged articles at these auction sales. He uses them simply for a 'blind.' Articles taken in pawn are invariably sold at private sale."—New York Journal.

The Athletic Maid.

Maid—Yes, my lady, James went this morning with the hunters, and I've sent on the heavy luggage with Charles. But I've got your pencil case, the bicycle, your ladyship's golf clubs and hunting crop and billiard cue, the lawn tennis racket, the besique cards and markers, your ladyship's betting book and racing glasses and walking stick, and if I've forgotten anything I can easily wire back for it from the first station we stop at."—Philadelphia Times.

A Double Life.

The scorcher whizzed around the corner, and Ferry escaped getting run over only by an undignified dodge.

"I wonder who that idiot was?" he said.

"He's the walking gentleman in De Hamme Mactor's company," said Hargreaves.

"Well, he may be a walking gentleman, but he's an unmitigated hog when he's riding."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

JACK'S TRUE YARNS.

THE OLD NORTH WOODS GUIDE TELLS TWO GOOD STORIES.

How He Captured a Bear With No Weapon but His Toot Toes—He Was Once Saved From Freezing by a Bottle of Kerosene and Some Matches.

Jack Ormiston is still alive to tell some of the most wonderful tales that are heard in the Adirondacks. Jack has been a guide for some 30 years, ever since he has been big enough to carry a pack basket. He is tall and loose jointed, and his muscles are as hard as hickory knots. His black grizzled beard covers nearly all of his broad face. A pair of small, blinking black eyes do most of his talking for him, but when he is properly aroused he can spin a tale at the camp fire that will startle the screech owls and frighten the wailing loons down on the lake shore.

"Yer've heerd some of the fellers say, hain't yer, how I kotched that old bear last fall?" asked Jack.

We assured him that we never had, and it was strictly true, because he had told us a dozen or more times himself.

"Waal, yer must know where Tully pond is," continued Jack. "Blessed if I don't kotch a bear mighty queer there last fall. Jim Hodge give me a lift on the job, I must say, but that ain't the point. Fact is, the great point wuz the toe end of these boots. I wuz comin down this way along ther trail when I heerd a rustling overhead in a tall pine. Golly, when I looked up, kinder quick, sideways, fer I feerd somethin wuz goin ter drop, I see a mighty big bear comin along one of the limbs toward the trunk.

"He started ter come down the trunk back end first, winkin at me. My gun wuz over at camp. I didn't have a thing with me, and Jim wuz half a mile back on the trail. That bear I could see had a mighty fine hide that would bring me somethin like $80, with the bounty. I didn't care ter have him run away, nor did I want ter shake hands with him and pass the time of day with him till Jim come along and put him asleep with a bullet. I didn't make up my mind none too soon. The bear warn't half way down the tree when I rushed at him, not knowin what I would do ter own that hide and capture the bounty. I looked around fer a club, but none oome in sight, so when I got ter the foot of the tree there warn't nothin but one thing ter do. I just hauled off and kicked that bear.

"It wuz the first experimentin of the kind I ever heerd of, and by gosh it beat anything I ever see. The bear clawed hard inter the bark and snapped at me. He was easin up a bit with his nails when I swung him another and another. I yelled for Jim and swung again. I yelled six times, kickin between every yell. Then Jim answered, and I kept up yellin and kickin, first with one boot and then the other. The bear didn't drop an inch. Just as he eased up a little bit I swung again. Gosh! It seemed as if Jim wuz takin his time comin along that trail. Just as I swung the forty-ninth kick Jim come in sight. I dropped flat on my back. Jim popped one inter the bear, and it flopped over on ter me. Jim wuz the most surprised man yer ever see. It wuz two hours before I could prove ter him that I wuz tellin the truth about that bear."

Then Jack piled another log on the fire and started in on a new tale.

"This spring I come near bein done fer," he said. "Kerosene kept me in pickle long enough ter get near a fire, and then I wuz all right again."

We wanted to know if kerosene oil wasn't a new beverage for him.

"No, I didn't drink none," he continued. "I started ter cross Brandy brook on a log. I wanted ter cut off a three mile walk around by the trail. The water wuz high, and there wuz a strong current running out inter the lake. This log wuz about a foot and a half through. I rolled it off with the stream. I tucked my breeches in my boots and straddled the log. I hadn't kicked a dozen strokes before I got out inter the swift water, and then I could see I wuz in fer it. I kicked ter back up again ter the shore, but it wuz no use, so I let it go. It came on dark, and my feet began ter freeze. My old boots had been well greased, but the water dripped in at the tops and soaked my stockin's. I tried kickin harder ter keep my blood stirred up. I drifted over toward Bear mountain, and knew that if the wind kept up I would land somewhere before midnight. Just as I wuz gettin almighty froze I thought of a bottle of kerosene I had to oil my gun. Yer can bet I wuz wishin it wuz somethin more cheerin than kerosene oil. A little alkehal and sugar at that time would er slipped down inter them boots from the inside and melted them frozen toes, but there warn't nuthin but kerosene. I poured it half and half inter each boot, and I know it helped ter make me easy fer a time. But by and by it seemed ter me the oil must be freezin too. It wuz lucky I had my old matchbox along in my vest pocket, high and dry, fer then the idea struck me that if I lit a match and sent it down inter the oil it would warm things up some. There warn't much else ter do or think erbout. I wuz makin fer Bear Mountain island slow, but steady. If I didn't get there till midnight, my feet would both be froze off, so I made up my mind ter try the matches. Lucky fer me my boots had wide tops so I could send the lit match right down ter the bottom where it 'ud do the most good. Well, sir, the first match in the right boot did the trick fine. It took fire and thawed things out quicker'n I thought. Blisters raised all over, and when it all got scalded all comfortable I wriggled around and put out the fire. Then I tried it on the left foot, and it worked just as well. There wuz enough matches left to start a fire on the island when I drifted in there toward 12 o'clock."—Brooklyn Eagle.

A Unique Profession.

Mrs. Louise Ordway Tead holds a position unique among women. Her duty is to superintend the pictures produced by the Providence Lithographic company for its Sunday school productions, and she brings to the work both natural artistic bent and training as a designer. Each picture passes under her eye before it is lithographed and is criticised until perfection is reached. The books, tracts and the like are in use all over the world.

A Romp Room.

In Sweden, according to travelers who have resided in that country, it is a household custom to provide rooms where the children may go and cry and scream and make all the noise they need to. In all other parts of the house they are expected to be quiet and mindful of the presence of their elders. On the whole, it seems rather a good plan—good for the children and good for the elders too.

Jewelry can be beautifully cleaned by washing it in hot soapsuds to which a few drops of ammonia have been added, and then shaking off the water and laying the jewelry in a box of jewelers' sawdust. This method leaves no marks or scratches.

Try some other method of exercising the babies than the harmful one of catching up by the armpits and tossing in the air. There is not only the danger of falling in this practice, but a direct tendency to produce a rush of blood to the brain.

To renovate leather chairs wipe the cushions with a slightly damp cloth, and then rub dry. Next apply the white of an egg, beaten to a stiff froth, and rub with a soft cloth.

His Umbrella.

A young man was riding down town the other evening in a Euclid avenue car. He took the front seat and held in his hand an umbrella which had been given him as a birthday present. On the seat facing him was a lady with a precocious infant boy, evidently about 5 years old. The youngster regarded the young man with rapt attention for a few moments, and then his eyes wandered to the umbrella. He gazed at it in silence for a second; then he wriggled in his seat, clapped his hands and shouted:

"Oh, mamma, doesn't that look like papa's umbrella?"

"Hush! hush! my child," said the mother, patting the prodigy on the head.

"Papa was looking for his umbrella this evening, wasn't he, mamma?" continued the child wonder.

"Yes, yes, but he found it," said the mother hurriedly as the conversation was becoming of exceeding interest to the occupants of two rows of seats.

"Why, mamma," continued the youngster, "you know he didn't. Why, you told him that he didn't know enough to keep an umbrella. Why, mamma"—

At this stage the young man got up and left the car.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

In the Course of Events.

"Say, Chimmy," he said thoughtfully as he gazed at the golf players, "dere's no tellin what dese swells'll do."

"W'at's de matter wit' 'em now?"

"Look at 'em an see. Dey're playin shinny. Dey'll be shootin marbles an flyin kites next."—Washington Star.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

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College for Young Ladies and Preparatory School for Girls Regular and elective courses. Music and Art specialties. Conducted by School Sisters of Notre Dame. Charles St Ave., Baltimore, Md.

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Board from $12 to $15 per month, tuition fee for half session, $17.50; medical fee, $3. Students willing to teach two years in the public schools pay only the medical fee and are charged $10 per month for board, fuel, lights and washing. Full Collegiate course. Next session begins October 1st, 1896. Send for catalogue

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jy 26 16t sun wed President.

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GEN. SCOTT SHIPP, Superintendent.
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From hundreds of testimonials, the originals of which are on file and open to inspection, the following is presented:

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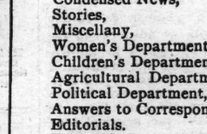

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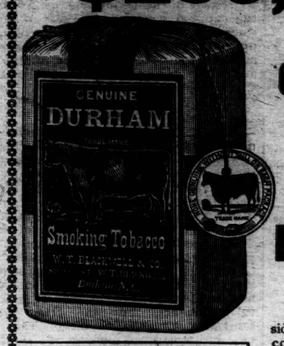

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mar 8 D&W 1y 174 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

At the close of Business July 14th, 1896, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$402,601 75	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	None	Surplus	$45,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	41,250 00	Undivided profits	17,767 01— 56,767 01
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00	Circulation	37,120 00
Redemption Fund	1,856 00	Total Deposits	493,800 98
Due from Reserve Agents	$54,777 21		
Due from other Banks	48,886 98		
Cash on hand	63,336 02—166,980 21		
Total	$712,687 96	Total	$712,687 96

DIRECTORS:

J. W. Norwood, D. L. Gore, S. P. McNair, Sam'l Bear, Jr., W. E. Springer, C. W. Worth, E. J. Powers, H. L. Vollers,

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New York correspondent, Chemical National Bank.

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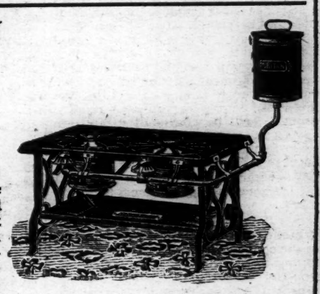

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Wilmington Seacoast Railroad.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 1st, trains will run the following schedule:

Leave Wilmington 6 30 a. m., 10.00 a. m. and 2.30 p. m., 5.10 p. m., 7.15 p. m.

Leave Ocean View 7.30 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 4 p. m., 6.10 p. m., 10 p. m.

Up and after July 15th there will be no 12 30 p. m. freight train on the W. S. C. R. R. Freight will be carried at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m. and 5.10 p. m.

Sunday Train—Leave Wilmington 10 a. m., 3.30 p. m. Leave Ocean View 12 m., 6 p. m.

R. OSCAR GRANT,
jy 18 tf Superintendent.

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
No 6	No 48		No 47	No 55
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
	2 00	Lv...Mulberry street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	2 10	Lv....Surry street....Ar	12 30	3 25
9 50		Ar...Jacksonville.....Lv		12 05
11 00	3 58	Lv	10 42	10 35
11 58	4 30	Lv...Maysville.....Lv	10 09	9 18
12 20	4 44	Lv...Pollocksville.....Lv	9 55	8 56
1 30	5 30	Ar...Newbern.....Lv	9 20	8 00
	P M		A M	

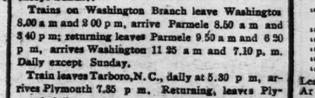
Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager

my 22 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT June 20, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY No. 45—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.53
9.35 A M a m, Warsaw 11.06 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 12.52 p m, Rocky Mount 1.55 p m, Tarboro 2.40 p m, Weldon 3.32 p m, Petersburg 5.39 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.43 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30
7.00 P M p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.33 p m, †Tarboro 7.03 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 p m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.40 a m, Petersburg 2.33 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.33 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.33 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw
3.30 P M 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.39 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.53 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 5.20 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.53 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY No. 49—Passenger—Leave *Boston 1.00 p
5.45 P M m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.06 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.00
9.45 a m a m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.57 a m, Magnolia 8.10 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a
12.15 a m m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.55 a m, Columbia 5.45 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 7.10 a m,, Florence 8.50 a m, Marion 9.31 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7 45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.50 a m and 3 40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9 50 a m and 6 20 p m, arrives Washington 11 25 a m and 7.10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.00 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.20 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, 7 50 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8.30 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m, and 11 30 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.05 a m, arrive Latta 9.36 a m, Dillon 9 36 a m, Rowland 9 53 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 05 p m, arrives Dillon 6.25 p m, Latta 6.37 p m, Pee Dee 6.55 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 12.55 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 5.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8 40 a m and 9 20 a m, arrive Darlington 9 30 and 9 50 a m, leave Darlington 9 40 a m, arrive Cheraw 11 59 a m Wadesboro 1 30 p m, Returning leave Wadesboro 2 p m, Cheraw 3 40 p m, Darlington 7.48 a m and 6 05 p m, arrive Florence 8.15 a m and 6 50 p m. Daily except Sunday. Sunday trains leave Floys 7 30 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m. Returning leave Florence 9 a m, Darlington 930 a m, arrive Floys 9 50 a m. Trains leave Gibson 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m, Sumter 9 30 a m. Returning, leave Sumter 5 30 p m, Darlington 8.15 p m, arrive Bennettsville 9 09 p m, Gibson 9 35 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 06 p m, Manning 6.35 p m, arrive Lane's 7 12 p m, leave Lanes 8.34 a m, Manning 9.10 a m. arrive Sumter 9.39 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 8.35 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 3.10 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 3.53 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.36 p m. 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.06 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.53 a m, Fayetteville 11.10 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.40 a m, Smithfield 12.27 p m, Selma 12.54 p m, arrive Wilson 1.30 p m, 11.35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 35 a m, Creston 5 21 a m, arrive Denmark 6 30 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 17 p m, Creston 5 16 p m, Sumter 6 05 p m Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 p m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m; arrives Creston 3 50 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.15 p m, arrive Lecknow 1 p m and 8.15 p m, Returning leave Lecknow 6 05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliot 8.35 a m and 3.30 p m.,

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager;

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. je 23 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.

In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.	
No 3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.		STATIONS.	No 4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 30	Goldsboro	11 25	.....
.....	4 12	Kinston.....	10 32	.....
5 15	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 30
6 37	6 42	Morehead City...	8 04	8 07
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 25 a

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 10, 1896

NEW JERSEY DEMOCRATS.

The State Convention Selects Presidential Electors—Instructed to Vote for Bryan and Sewall—Points in the Platform Adopted.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TRENTON, September 9.—At 12.30 Samuel Fowler, acting for Chairman Smith, of the State Committee, called the convention to order and the mention of Bryan's name was the signal for an outburst of applause from all parts of the house.

Mr. Fowler reported that the State Committee had agreed on Hon. Augustus W. Cutler, of Morris county, for temporary chairman, and Mr. Cutler was received with cheers.

Mr. Cutler declared that the time which Mr. Lincoln had feared was now upon us. He then delivered a free silver address. A delegate from Essex county attempted to speak, but the convention, seeing he was a gold bug, began to howl. He persisted in speaking, whereupon William K. Devereaux, of Asbury Park, rushed to the front of the stage and waving a light Fedora hat, started a chorus for Bryan, which was taken up all over the hall. This was kept up till the Essex delegate finally took his seat. Meanwhile, he had been surrounded by a number of persons who by persuasion and threats contributed to his determination to be seated.

The Committee on Resolutions reported the platform, and it was adopted with one dissenting voice.

It ratifies and endorses the national Democratic platform adopted at Chicago and the candidates nominated thereon.

It declares it to be a principle of free government that the minority should submit to the will of the majority; any other policy would be destructive of self-government and party organization.

It denounces the interference of any employers of labor, private or corporate, to coerce or intimidate the voter in the free exercise of the right of suffrage.

Presidential electors were then selected, and a resolution prevailed formally instructing the electors to cast their ballots for Bryan and Sewall.

The convention at 4.30 adjourned.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 9.—The *Sun* says: Cotton declined nineteen to twenty-one points, but recovered part of the loss, closing steady at a net decline of twelve to seventeen points, with sales of 278,600 bales.

To-day's features: The Liverpool news to-day was disappointing. Prices there declined when an advance had been looked for in response to the advance here yesterday. Private cables from Liverpool said that the decline there was due to realizing and the fear of failures on settlements to-morrow. So prices here declined to-day in sympathy with Liverpool. Other depressing factors were heavy receipts and the failure of a New Orleans bank supposed to be carrying a large amount of margins for New Orleans brokers. Liverpool and the South sold, and stop orders were caught on the way down, accelerating the decline. Part of the loss was recovered before the close on the covering of shorts, a rally in New Orleans, small estimates of the Texas crop and the expectation of a bullish report to-morrow. The spot markets were high in most instances.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

December Wheat Closed Higher—Corn Unchanged—Oats and Pork Products Higher

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Sept. 9.—December wheat opened from 58 to 57⅞c, advanced to 58⅝c, closing at 58⅜c—½c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was firm and ½c higher.

May corn opened at 28⅞c, sold between 28⅜ and 24c, closing at 28⅜c—unchanged from yesterday. Cash corn was ½c per bushel higher.

May oats closed ¼ to ⅜c higher than yesterday. Cash oats were firm and ¼ to ⅜c per bushel higher.

Provisions—Trade in provisions was so quiet that prices were inert during most of the session. Opening advances, due to a steady hog market, were sustained later without any exertion in that direction. January pork closed 12½c higher than yesterday; January lard and ribs each 5 to 7½c higher.

The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Company, printed near the bottom of the package. For sale by all responsible druggists.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

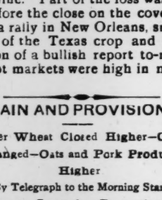
NEW YORK, September 9.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 24@24½c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 60@1 62½.

CHARLESTON, September 9.—Spirits turpentine firm at 20½@21½c; sales 30 — bales. Rosin firm; sales 300 barrels; prices: B, C, D $1 30, E, F $1 35, G $1 40, H $1 45, I $1 50, K $1 55, M $1 60, N $1 65, W G $1 80, W W $1 90.

SAVANNAH, September 9.—Spirits turpentine firm at 23½; sales 1,500 casks; receipts 1,331 casks. Rosin firm; sales 4,500 barrels; receipts 2,507 barrels; A, B, C, D $1 40, E $1 50, F $1 50, G $1 50, H $1 50, I $1 50, K $1 55, M $1 60, N $1 65, G $1 80, W W $2 00.

The gold reserve at the close of business yesterday stood at $105,174,687. The day's withdrawals at New York were $74 500.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., New York.

MR. BRYAN'S LETTER

ACCEPTING THE NOMINATION FOR PRESIDENT BY THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

The Platform Adopted by the Chicago Convention Carefully Considered and the Subjects Embraced in Its Declaration Heartily Endorsed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LINCOLN, September 9.—Mr. Bryan to-day made public his letter accepting the Democratic nomination. Its full text is as follows:

Hon. Stephen M. White and Others, Members of the Notification Committee of the Democratic Convention:

GENTLEMEN—I accept the nomination tendered by you on behalf of the Democratic party, and in so doing desire to assure you that I fully appreciate the high honor which such a nomination confers and the grave responsibilities which accompany an election to the Presidency of the United States. So deeply am I impressed with the magnitude of the power vested by the Constitution in the Chief Executive of the nation and with the enormous influence which he can wield for the benefit or injury of the people, that I wish to enter the office, if elected, free from any personal desire, except the desire to prove worthy of the confidence of my country. Human judgment is fallible enough when unbiassed by selfish considerations, and in order that I may not be tempted to use the patronage of an office to advance any personal ambition, I hereby announce, with all the emphasis which words can express, my fixed determination not, under any circumstances, to be a candidate for re-election in case the campaign results in my election.

I have carefully considered the platform adopted by the Democratic National Convention and unqualifiedly endorse every plank thereof.

Our institutions rest upon the position that all men being created equal are entitled to equal consideration at the hands of the Government. Because all men are created equal, it follows that no citizen has a right to injure another citizen. The main purpose of government being to protect all citizens in the enjoyment of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, this purpose must lead the government, first, to avoid acts of affirmative injustice and, second, to restrain each citizen from trespassing upon the rights of any other citizen. A democratic form of government is conducive to the highest civilization because it opens before each individual the greatest opportunities for development and stimulates to the highest endeavor by insuring to each the full enjoyment of all the rewards of toil, except such contribution as is necessary to support the Government which protects him. Democracy is indifferent to pedigree—it deals with the individual rather than with his ancestors. Democracy ignores differences in wealth. Neither riches nor poverty can be invoked in behalf of or against any citizen. Democracy knows no creed—recognizing the right of each individual to worship God according to the dictates of his own conscience, it welcomes all to a common brotherhood and guarantees equal treatment to all, no matter in what character or through what forms they commune with their Creator.

Having discussed portions of the platform at the time of its adoption, and again when your letter of notification was formally delivered, it will not be necessary at this time to touch upon all the subjects embraced in its declarations. Honest differences of opinion have ever existed and ever will exist as to the most effective means of securing domestic tranquility; but no citizen fails to recognize all this and under all circumstances the absolute necessity for the prompt and vigorous enforcement of law and the preservation of the public peace. In a Government like ours law is but the crystallization of the will of the people; without it the citizen is neither secure in the enjoyment of life and liberty, nor protected in the pursuit of happiness. Without obedience to law, government is impossible.

The Democratic party is pledged to defend the Constitution and enforce the laws of the United States, and it is also pledged to protect and defend the dual scheme of government instituted by the founders of the republic. The name "United States" was happily chosen. It combines the idea of national strength with the idea of local self-government and suggests "An indissoluble union of indestructible States."

Our wise forefathers, fearing the tendency toward centralization, as well as the dangers of disintegration, guarded against both, and national safety as well as domestic security is to be found in the careful observance of the limitations which they impose. It will be noticed that while the United States guarantees to every State a form of government and is empowered to protect each State against invasion, it is not authorized to interfere in the domestic affairs of any State, except upon application of the Legislature of the State, or upon the application of the Executive, when the Legislature cannot be convened. This provision is established upon the sound theory that the people of the State, acting through their legally chosen representatives, are, because of their more intimate acquaintance with local conditions, better qualified than the President to judge of the necessity for federal interference. Those who framed our Constitution wisely determined to make as broad an application of the principles of local self-government as circumstances would permit, and we cannot dispute the correctness of the position taken by them without expressing a distrust of the people themselves.

ECONOMY.

Since governments exist for the protection of the rights of the people and not for their spoliation, no expenditures of public money can be justified unless that expenditure is necessary for the honest, economical administration of the Government. In determining what appropriations are necessary the interests of those who pay the taxes should be consulted rather than the wishes of those who receive or disburse public moneys.

THE BOND ISSUES.

An increase in the bonded debt of the United States at this time is entirely without excuse. The issue of interest-bearing bonds within the last few years has been defended on the ground that they were necessary to secure gold with which to redeem United States notes and Treasury notes; but this necessity has been imaginary rather than real. Instead of exercising the legal right vested in the United States to redeem its bonds in either gold or silver, the executive branch of the Government has followed a precedent established by a former administration and surrendered the option to the holder of the obligations. This administrative policy leaves the Government at the mercy of those who find pecuniary profit in bond issues. The fact that the dealers in money and securities have been able to deplete or protect the Treasury according to their changing whims shows how dangerous it is to permit them to exercise a controlling influence over the Treasury Department. The Government of the United States when administered in the interest of all the people is able to establish and maintain its own financial policy, not only without the aid of any syndicates, but in spite of any opposition which the syndicates may exert. To assert that the Government is dependent upon the assistance or good will of a portion of the people other than a constitutional majority, is to assert that we have a Government in form, but without vital force.

NATIONAL BANK CURRENCY.

The position taken by the platform against the issue of paper money by national banks is supported by the highest Democratic authority, as well as demanded by the interests of the people. The present attempt of the national banks to force the retirement of United States notes and Treasury notes in order to secure a basis for a larger issue of their own notes, illustrates the danger which arises from permitting them to issue their paper as a circulating medium. The national bank note, being redeemable in lawful money, has never been better than the United States note which stands behind it, and yet the banks persistently demand that these United States notes, which draw no interest, shall give place to interest-bearing bonds in order that the banks may collect the interest which the people now save. To empower national banks to issue circulating notes is to grant a valuable privilege to a favored class, to surrender to private corporations the control over the volume of paper money, and build up a class which will claim a vested interest in the national financial policy. The United States notes, commonly known as greenbacks, being redeemable in either gold or silver at the option of the Government and not at the option of the holder, are safer and cheaper for the people than the national bank notes based upon interest-bearing bonds.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

A dignified but firm maintenance of the foreign policy first set forth by President Monroe and reiterated by the Presidents who have succeeded him, instead of arousing hostility abroad, is the best guarantee of amicable relations with other nations. It is better for all concerned that the United States should resist any extension of European authority in the western hemisphere rather than invite the continual irritation which would necessarily result from any attempt to increase the influence of monarchical institutions over that portion of the Americas which has been dedicated to republican government.

PENSIONS.

No nation can afford to be unjust to its defenders. The care of those who have suffered in the military and naval service of the country is a sacred duty. A nation which like the United States relies upon volunteer service rather than upon a large standing army adds to its own security when it makes generous provision for those who have risked their lives in its defence, and for those who are dependent upon them.

THE PRODUCERS OF WEALTH.

Labor creates capital. Until wealth is produced by application of brain and muscle to the resources of this country there is nothing to divide among the non-producing classes of society. Since the producers of wealth create the nation's prosperity in time of peace and defend the nation's flag in time of peril, their interests ought at all time to be considered by those who stand in official positions. The Democratic party has ever found its voting strength among those who are proud to be known as the common people, and it pledges itself to propose and enact such legislation as is necessary to protect the masses in the free exercise of every political right and in the enjoyment of their just share of the rewards of their labors.

ARBITRATION.

I desire to give special emphasis to the plank which recommends such legislation as is necessary to secure the arbitration of differences between employers engaged in interstate commerce and their employes. Arbitration is not a new idea—it is simply an extension of the court of justice. The laboring men of the country have expressed a desire for arbitration, and the railroads cannot reasonably object to the decisions rendered by an impartial tribunal. Society has an interest even greater than the interest of employers, and has a right to protect itself by courts of arbitration against the growing inconvenience and embarrassments occasioned by disputes between those who own the great arteries of commerce on the one hand and the laborers who operate them upon the other.

IMMIGRATION.

While the Democratic party welcomes to the country those who come with love for our institutions and with determination and ability to contribute to the prosperity of our nation, it is opposed to the dumping of criminal classes upon our shores and to the importation of either pauper or contract labor to compete with American labor.

INJUNCTIONS.

The recent abuses which have grown out of injunction proceedings have been so empatically condemned by public opinion that the Senate bill providing for trial by jury in certain contempt cases will meet with general approval.

TRUSTS.

The Democratic party is opposed to trusts. It would be recreant to its duty to the people of the country if it recognized either the moral or the legal rights of these great aggregations of wealth to stifle competition, bankrupt rivals and then prey upon society. Corporations are the creatures of law and they must not be permitted to pass from under the control of the power which created them; they are permitted to exist upon the theory that they advance the public weal and they must not be allowed to use their powers for the public injury.

RAILROADS.

The right of the United States Government to regulate inter-State commerce cannot be questioned and the necessity for the vigorous exercise of that right is becoming more and more imperative. The interests of the whole people require such an enlargement of the powers of the Inter-State Commerce Commission as will enable it to prevent discrimination between persons and places and protect patrons from unreasonable charges.

The Government cannot afford to discriminate between its debtors, and must, therefore, prosecute its legal claims against the Pacific railroads. Such a policy is necessary for the protection of the rights of the patrons as well as for the interests of the Government.

THE CUBAN QUESTION.

The people of the United States, happy in the enjoyment of the blessings of free government, feel a generous sympathy toward all who are endeavoring to secure like blessings for themselves. This sympathy, while respecting all treaty obligations, is especially active and earnest when excited by the struggling of neighboring peoples, who, like the Cubans, are near enough to observe the workings of a government which derives all its authority from the consent of the governed.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

That the American people are not in favor of life tenure in the Civil Service is evident from the fact that they, as a rule, make frequent changes in their official representatives, when those representatives are chosen by ballot. A permanent office-holding class is not in harmony with our institutions. A fixed term to appointive offices, except where the Federal Constitution now provides otherwise, would open the public service to a larger number of citizens without impairing its efficiency.

THE TERRITORIES.

The Territorial form of government is temporary in its nature and should give way as soon as the Territory is sufficiently advanced to take its place among the States. New Mexico, Oklahoma and Arizona are entitled to Statehood and their early admission is demanded by their material and political interests. The demand of the platform that officials appointed to administer the government of the Territories, the District of Columbia and Alaska should be bona fide residents of the Territories or district, is entirely in keeping with the Democratic theory of home rule. I am also heartily in sympathy with the declaration that all public lands should be reserved for the establishment of free homes for American citizens.

WATERWAYS.

The policy of improving the great waterways of the country is justified by the national character of these waterways and the enormous tonnage borne upon them. Experience has demonstrated that continuing appropriations are, in the end, more economical than single appropriations separated by long intervals.

THE TARIFF.

It is not necessary to discuss the tariff question at this time. Whatever may be the individual views of citizens as to the relative merits of protection and tariff reforms, all must recognize that until the money question is fully and finally settled the American people will not consent to the consideration of any other important question. Taxation presents a problem which in some form is continually present, and a postponement of definite action upon it involves no sacrifice of personal opinion or political principles, but the crisis presented by financial conditions cannot be postponed. Tremendous results will follow the action taken by the United States on the money question and delay is impossible. The people of this nation, sitting as a high court, must render judgment in the cause which greed is prosecuting against humanity. The decision will either give hope and inspiration to those who toil, or "shut the doors of mercy on mankind." In the presence of this overshadowing issue, differences of opinion upon minor questions must be laid aside in order that there may be united action among those who are determined that progress toward a universal gold standard shall be stayed and the gold and silver standard of the Constitution restored.

(Signed) W. J. BRYAN.

BRYAN'S ITINERARY.

A Corrected Statement of His Southern and Eastern Tour—Arrangements For North Carolina Not Yet Perfected.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LINCOLN, NEB., Sept. 9.—Mr. Bryan to-day gave out a corrected itinerary of his Southern and Eastern tour as far as arranged. He will leave Lincoln Friday, September 11th, at 9.15 by the Missouri Pacific road, arrive in Kansas City at 7 o'clock the next morning and leave there about 9 o'clock over the Wabash for St. Louis. He will not speak in Kansas City.

The route from Kansas City to St. Louis will enable him to make addresses at Mexico and Moberly. He will reach St. Louis Saturday evening about six o'clock, make three speeches there and go to Salem, Ill., his old home, that night or Sunday morning via the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern. Returning to St. Louis by the same route Sunday night or the next morning, Mr. Bryan will proceed by the Louisville & Nashville road to Louisville, stopping at Henderson, Ky., to make a speech there in the afternoon. Monday night will be spent in Louisville and Tuesday the candidate will go by the Louisville & Nashville to Lexington, making speeches en route at Frankfort and Versailles. He will speak in Lexington in the afternoon, go to Maysville, Ky., immediately upon concluding his addresses and return to Lexington in the evening to take the 1 o'clock train for Asheville, N. C., via Harriman and Knoxville, Tenn. Asheville will be reached at 1 p. m. Wednesday, September 16th. Mr. Bryan has not arranged his North Carolina itinerary, but he will spend two days in that State, going to Richmond, Va., by a route not yet selected to speak there on the 18th, Washington on the afternoon of the 19th and Baltimore the same evening. He will make speeches in Delaware and New Jersey after leaving Baltimore on the 20th, but the date of his arrival in New York is uncertain. He is scheduled to speak in Brooklyn on the 22d, but will not make an address in New York before his return from a trip through New England. He will be back in New York in time to speak on the 28th inst. Boston will be visited on the New England trip and the candidate will also go into Maine to make some speeches. Mrs. Bryan will not accompany her husband on this tour, but will probably join him before his return to Nebraska, somewhere in the middle West.

Mr. and Mrs. Bryan gave a dinner to-day at the Lincoln Hotel to Chairman George A. Groot and the members of the National Silver party committee on notification.

GEN. RICHARD C. GATLIN.

A Confederate Officer of Distinction and a Native of North Carolina.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FORT SMITH, ARK., September 9.—General Richard C. Gatlin died at Mount Nebo, a local mountain resort of this State, yesterday. He was born in Lenoir county, N. C., January 18, 1809. He graduated from West Point in 1829. He served in the Seminole war in Florida in 1842. He was at Fort Brown during its bombardment by the Mexicans, and was wounded at the battle of Monterey. He commanded at Fort Smith from 1851 to 1857, and later at Fort Craig. He was promoted to be Major in the Fifth Infantry in 1861, and soon after was appointed Brigadier General of the North Carolina troops and assigned to the command of coast defence at Wilmington. He was Adjutant General of North Carolina.

ARKANSAS ELECTION.

The Democratic Majority Will be at Least 65,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LITTLE ROCK, Sept. 9.—The returns from the State election, received up to noon to-day, show steadily increasing majorities in the various counties for the Democratic candidates. Desha and Newton counties are believed to be the only counties which elect full Republican tickets, while the Populists are now confined to Clark county; whereas, two years ago they captured five representatives in the Legislature and the Republicans four. It will, at least, be two weeks before all the returns will be in, but enough is now known to make the estimate of 65,000 majority for the Democrats an assured fact.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Prices of Staple Cotton Goods Advancing.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 9.—To-day furnished its quota of advances in the price of staple cotton goods in the dry goods market, in which the advances in bleached cottons are the chief features. The stronger tone of the market is thus emphasized and buyers cannot longer be blind to the fact that the prices of such merchandise are going against them. There appears to be little prospect of any material increase in production, for some time to come at any rate, and if there is any cause for anxiety it ought to be on the side of the buyers, who have made but little provisions for feture requirements.

IT IS A FACT that Hood's Sarsaparilla, the one true blood purifier, has proved, over and over again, that it has power to cure even when other medicine fail to do any good.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c. †

BANK FAILURE.

The Union National of New Orleans Closed—The Effect Depressing—Other Failures May Follow.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., Sept. 9.—The Union National Bank, which failed to-day, was founded in 1839, and is one of the oldest banks in the city. It had always been a prosperous and paying institution until some time ago it became known in business circles that it was not thoroughly sound. This shakiness dates back to the huge failure of V. & N. Meyer, cotton factors and general merchants. The bank was badly crippled by their failure and has never recovered. Its depositors were principally cotton men, insurance and other corporations. It was almost strictly a commercial paper handler and made demand loans on ordinary unsecured paper to the last. This money generally went to the country to buy cotton. Since the failure of the American National the distrust caused by that event has accentuated matters for the Union, and the Associated Banks of the Clearing House decided to lend its assistance. This got out and gave the depositors generally a chance to protect themselves. A quiet run has been made by drawing checks through other banks and these went through the Clearing House. The suspension was inevitable and was foreseen by the other banks ten days ago.

The report telegraphed from Washington about a defalcation in connection with the failure cannot be substantiated.

From a gentleman who is close to the affairs of the bank, it is learned that while the individual deposit book of the bank showed that there was so much money in hand, the general ledger shows that there was eight times as much.

The vice president of the Clearing House Association, Mr. E. Toby, of the Canal Bank, says he had heard nothing of the reported defalcation.

The effect of the failure on general business is rather depressing and other failures may follow shortly.

SOUTH CAROLINA ELECTION.

Evans' Friends Concede Earle's Elect on by Five Thousand Majority.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, Sept. 9.—Up to 12 25 this afternoon several counties had reported full returns, accounting for a total vote of 61,418. The backwoods precincts to-day improve Earle's lead. Earle now has 35,843 and Evans 25,676. Earle's majority is 10 266 out of this vote. Allowing a total vote of 85,000 and giving Evans the improbable amount of two-thirds of the outstanding vote, it will give Earle a final majority of 2,506 votes. There is no chance for a count-out in the face of these returns. Earle's majority will be at the lowest estimate 5,000. Gov. Evans says that while the face of the returns show his defeat, he cannot afford to concede the election until the votes are all counted. His friends and lieutenants concede Earle's election by 5,000 majority. State Chairman Tompkins gives this figure as his lowest estimate.

BASE BALL.

Result of Games Played Yesterday at Various Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 3; Chicago, 6.
New York—New York, 7; Boston, 6.
Baltimore—Baltimore, 17; Brooklyn, 8.
Cleveland—Cleveland, 8; St. Louis, 3.
Washington—Washington, 12; Philadelphia, 11.
Louisville—Louisville-Cincinnati did not take place owing to the non-arrival of the Louisville Club.

WARM WIRELETS.

Daniel S. Lamont, Cleveland's Secretary of War, publishes a letter in which he says he will support Palmer and Buckner.

Gen. John C. Black has written a letter formally declining the nomination of the "National Democratic" party of Illinois for Governor.

The brig Incia, at Brunswick, Ga., is suspected as about to engage in filibustering operations in Cuba. Government officials have been instructed to investigate the rumors.

At a Cabinet council in Madrid, Admiral Beranger, Minister of Marine, demanded credit of 35,000,000 pesetas for the purpose of defraying the expenses of prosecution of the war in Cuba for the month of September.

The steamer Trave, which arrived yesterday at New York from Bremen via Southampton, brought one hundred and five boxes of gold coin, valued at £798,400, shipped from Southampton, and thirteen packages from Havre, valued at 1,300 000 francs.

The American tin plate factory at Elwood, Ind., resumed operations yesterday with eleven out of sixteen mills, and 1,000 men went to work. The other mills will resume operations within a short time, when the other 350 men will be given employment.

Two colored men have been arrested and lodged in jail, charged with poisoning three thousand English pheasants and three hundred domestic fowls, the property of the Bolweys Quarter Ducking Club, at Leniers, Md. The monetary loss is placed at $5,000.

The Republican State Convention of Montana met yesterday. The test of strength of the silver and gold forces came on the selection of the temporary chairman. The silver men won by a majority of 50. There are many contests. The convention will be organized to-day.

The State Convention of the Silver party of Colorado met yesterday and discussed the question of fusion. It was decided to appoint a committee of conference to meet the conference committees of the Populists and the silver Republicans. The convention adopted resolutions endorsing Bryan and Sewall electors to be named by the fusion conference committee.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Notice.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, COUNTY of New Hanover, in the Superior Court. Ester B. Sampson, plaintiff, vs Henry Sampson, defendant. NOTICE.—Henry Sampson, the above named defendant, will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of New Hanover county, in the State of North Carolina, by the plaintiff for the purpose of obtaining from the defendant an absolute Divorce and complete dissolution of the bonds of matrimony. And the said Henry Sampson will further take notice that he is required to be and appear at the next term of the Superior Court of said county of New Hanover, to be held on the third Monday after the first Monday in September, 1896, i. e. on the 28th day of September, 1896, at the Court House of said county in the city of Wilmington, North Carolina, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in her complaint. This the 7th day of August 1896.

JOHN D. TAYLOR,
Clerk Superior Court of New Hanover County, North Carolina.
sun au 16 6w

Gladness ... With a better understanding of the transient nature of many of the ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a ... d condition of the system, which ... ant family laxative, Syrup ... ly removes. That is ... remedy with millions ... everywhere esteemed ... who value good health ... effects are due to the ... the one remedy which ... cleanliness with ... the organs on which it acts ... all important, ... beneficial effects, ... a pure chase, that ... article, which is ... California Fig Syrup ... by all reputable ... If ... health, and ... natives or other ... needed. If afflicted ... disease, one may ... consult a skillful physician if in need of a laxative, one ... the best, and with the well ... everywhere, Syrup of Figs ... highest and is most largely used ... most general satisfaction.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Do you speculate? "Guide to Successful Speculation" mailed free. Wheat, provision, cotton and stock speculation on limited margins thoroughly explained. Correspondence solicited. Warren, Ford & Co., 11 Wall Street, New York.
my 17 1y tu th su

For Rent—From October 1st., the Store next to Astoria Cafe, on Princess street, now used as a confectionery store. Apply to Carle Mugge.
sep 9 2t*

For Rent, from October 1st, 1896, the house No. 411 North Front street, known as the Victor House. Can be used as a public house or a private residence. Fifteen Rooms, Cistern and Bath Rooms, all in good order. Apply to Jas. Madden. sep 5 tf

$25.00 reward for return of Diamond Stud, No. 418 on spiral, taken from purse found on Fourth and Castle streets Friday morning. No questions asked. Leave at STAR office. sep 2 tf

The Dairy Restaurant No. 25 Market street is now open. Table first class. Open from 6 a. m. until 10 p. m. Give us a call. aug 15 tf

Photographs—A poor Photograph is one of the poorest things in the world. Remember I guarantee you first class Photos at reasonable rates. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. aug 2 tf

Wanted—Your property on my list, if it is for sale. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public, 125 Princess street. ('Phone 256.)
jy 13 tf

Wanted—A number of good people to call and see my fine line of Groceries, Watermelons and Cantalopes received fresh from the farm every day. Chas. D. Jacobs, 217½ North Front street. jy 11 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c31

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c31

SUMMER RESORTS

SPARKLING

CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for

Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo, Spinal Affections, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney Affections, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia, Debility and Skin Diseases.

Hotel refitted and in good order. Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son,

Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C.
je 11 tf

SWEET CHALYBEATE SPRINGS,

Alleghany County, Va.

THESE CHARMING SPRINGS are situated in a lovely valley, ensconced in the BACKBONE OF THE ALLEGHANIES, at an elevation of 3,000 feet, in the midst of the "Springs Region" of Virginia, and only nine miles from Alleghany Station—the highest point on the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway. Beef and mutton supplied from the finest blue grass sod. Vegetables in abundance, grown in the garden of the noted property. RATES MODERATE.

For further particulars, write

B. F. EAKLE, JR., Manager.
je 16 tf

Rockbridge Alum Springs, Va.,

OPEN JUNE 1, 1896. ELEVATION 2,000 feet. No fogs or mosquitoes. Accommodations for over 1,000 guests. Rates reduced 50 per cent. Extensive improvements made this year will add greatly to the pleasure and comfort of visitors. Send for handsomely illustrated catalogue.

JAMES A. FRAZIER, Managing Receiver.
my 29 tf

HOTEL BEDFORD,

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HOTEL BEDFORD, Bedford City, Va.
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now landing ex-Schr. C. C. Lister, at our warehouse.

New Catch Mullets

just in from Fishery. Orders solicited. Prompt shipments made.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.
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C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

Successors to Katz & Polvogt,

No. 9 North Front St.

Having Taken Stock

We find we have in hand a large lot of

Spring and Summer Goods,

which must be sold, as we need room for our FALL and WINTER STOCK

For several weeks to come seasonable goods can be had at prices which will insure sales.

We need the room,
You need the goods,
Press the button,
Price does the rest.

New line CARPETS expected this week. Call early and take your choice. Would rather sell at your own price than pack away.

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

aug 16 tf No. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET.

The Great Cash Sale

BY

JOHNSON & FORE

WILL BE CONTINUED THIS WEEK. YOU CAN'T AFFORD TO MISS IT.

Everything in their Store is offered at

Actual Cost for Cash.

We mean just what we say. You can secure some

Splendid Bargains.

JOHNSON & FORE,

sep 6 tf No. 111 Market Street.

Albert and Sarah

Were sitting on a rustic bench discussing the financial troubles and talking of the happy day of their coming marriage. But there seemed to be a cloud gathering near, as the times were getting harder all the while. Albert was disposed to put off the would-be happiest day of his life, owing to his inability to furnish his neat little frame cottage—as his mind, like most men, was bigger than his pocketbook. But not so with Sarah. She was fully convinced that she could fit up their home in splendid style with their few hard-earned dollars by properly investing the same. So the day was set—7th day in October—and this is the bill she intends to have filled at Wilmington's Big Racket Store:

She will first cover her parlor floor with a nice, bright Brussels Carpet, at 43c per yard; a nice Dining-room Carpet, made of nice hemp, at 23c per yard; a Hall Carpet, 40 inches wide, for 10c. The bed-rooms are to be covered with nice, bright Matting, at 10 and 12½c per yard. She needs 13 nice spring roller Opaque Linen Shades at 25c each, with fixtures complete. She needs some Blankets and Quilts; heavy, all wool Blanket, 7-pound goods, best made, at $5.50 a pair; 5-pound goods at $4.50 a pair; mixed Blankets, medium weight, from 50c to $3.00 a pair. Some Bed Ticking heavy weight, feather proof, at 12½c per yard. Mattress Ticking, splendid quality, at 8c per yard. Some nice Spreads, long Quilts, in white, with fringe, at 50c; larger and better at 75c, very nice large fine Quilts at $1.00 each; colored Quilts at $1.10. Also some Lace Curtains, 2¼ yards long, at 49c a pair; better at 75c, $1.00, 1.25 up to 3 90 a pair; fine Embroidered Curtains, 3¼ yards long, beautiful goods, at $1 95 a pair.

Well, I must buy my wedding trousseau for myself. And she pulled out her memorandum, and first she looked over our line of Silks, and found a fine selection at 25c per yard; and in colored Gros Grain, in beautiful goods, at 50c per yard; Taffeta, in colored and black, from 50, 65 to 75c per yard. So she needs a nice Serge, which she found 44 inches wide, at 35c; in figured black Mohair, 36 inches, at 25c; 40 inches, at 38c; 50 inches, at 55c per yard.

And many other things that we have not room to mention. Let us advise you when financial troubles stare you in the face, to buy your goods where you can get them the cheapest, and that is at

Wilmington's Big Racket Store, Opposite the Orton House,

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

sep 6 tf

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

Southerland & Cowan,

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

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Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses. Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

School Shoes.

We have been thinking about your Children's SHOES, School Shoes particularly. If you want a good serviceable Shoe for your son, one that will out-wear any Shoe you can get, try a pair of our Boys' Kangaroo Calf Lace Shoes with sole leather tips at $1.25 and $1.50. Try one pair and you'll buy no other.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

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